Service Manual

Telephone Equipment

Caller ID Compatible





(Base Unit)

(Charger Unit)

Configuration for each model

Model No	Base Unit	Handset	Charger Unit	Expandable
KX-TG4221	1 (TG4221)	1 (TGA421)		Up to 6
KX-TG4222	1 (TG4221)	2 (TGA421)	1	Up to 6
KX-TG4223	1 (TG4221)	3 (TGA421)	2	Up to 6
KX-TG313SK	1 (TG4221)	3 (TGA421)	2	Up to 6
KX-TG4224	1 (TG4221)	4 (TGA421)	3	Up to 6
KX-TG4225	1 (TG4221)	5 (TGA421)	4	Up to 6

Information for optional accessories

You can expand your phone system by registering optional handsets (KX-TGA421) to a single base unit.

Optional handsets and the supplied handset are different model so that some functions may not be available.

Refer to each Operating Instruction for details.

Model No. KX-TG4221N KX-TG4222N KX-TG4223N KX-TG313SK KX-TG4224N **KX-TG4225N KX-TGA421N**

Digital Cordless Answering System N: Champagne Gold Version (for U.S.A.)



MARNING

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

There are special components used in this equipment which are important for safety. These parts are marked by \triangle in the Schematic Diagrams, Circuit Board Diagrams, Exploded Views and Replacement Parts List. It is essential that these critical parts should be replaced with manufacturer's specified parts to prevent shock, fire or other hazards. Do not modify the original design without permission of manufacturer.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT LEAD FREE, (PbF), SOLDERING

If lead free solder was used in the manufacture of this product, the printed circuit boards will be marked PbF. Standard leaded, (Pb), solder can be used as usual on boards without the PbF mark. When this mark does appear, please read and follow the special instructions described in this manual on the use of PbF and how it might be permissible to use Pb solder during service and repair work.

- When you note the serial number, write down all 11 digits. The serial number may be found on the bottom of the unit.
- The illustrations in this Service Manual may vary slightly from the actual product.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

P	AGE	F	AGE
1 Safety Precautions	5	11.1.1. Base Unit	43
1.1. For Service Technicians		11.1.2. Handset	45
2 Warning	5	11.1.3. Charger Unit	46
2.1. Battery Caution	5	11.2. How to Replace the Handset LCD	
2.2. About Lead Free Solder (PbF: Pb free)		12 Measurements and Adjustments	
2.2.1. Suggested PbF Solder	6	12.1. Equipment Required	48
2.3. Discarding of P. C. Board		12.2. The Setting Method of JIG	
3 Specifications	7	12.2.1. Connections (Base Unit)	48
4 Technical Descriptions	8	12.2.2. Connections (Handset)	49
4.1. US-DECT Description	8	12.2.3. How to install Batch file into P.C	
4.1.1. TDD Frame Format		12.2.4. Commands	
4.1.2. TDMA system	8	12.3. Adjustment Standard (Base Unit)	51
4.1.3. Signal Flowchart in the Radio Parts		12.3.1. Bottom View	51
4.2. Block Diagram (Base Unit_Main)	10	12.4. Adjustment Standard (Handset)	52
4.3. Block Diagram (Base Unit_RF Part)	11	12.4.1. Component View	52
4.4. Circuit Operation (Base Unit)		12.5. Things to Do after Replacing IC or X'tal	
4.4.1. BBIC (Base Band IC: IC501)		12.5.1. How to download the data	53
4.4.2. Flash Memory (IC601)		12.6. Frequency Table	
4.4.3. EEPROM (IC611)		13 Miscellaneous	
4.4.4. Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit		13.1. How to Replace the Shield Case	56
4.4.5. Telephone Line Interface	15	13.1.1. Preparation	56
4.4.6. Parallel Connection Detect Circuit/Auto		13.1.2. Caution	56
Disconnect Circuit	16	13.1.3. How to Remove the Shield Case	56
4.4.7. Calling Line Identification (Caller ID)/Call		13.1.4. How to Install the Shield Case	57
Waiting Caller ID	17	13.2. How to Replace the LLP (Leadless Leadframe	
4.5. Block Diagram (Handset)		Package) IC	58
4.6. Block Diagram (Handset_RF Part)		13.2.1. Preparation	58
4.7. Circuit Operation (Handset)		13.2.2. Caution	58
4.7.1. Outline	21	13.2.3. How to Remove the IC	58
4.7.2. Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit	21	13.2.4. How to Install the IC	59
4.7.3. Charge Circuit	22	13.2.5. How to Remove a Solder Bridge	
4.7.4. Battery Low/Power Down Detector		13.3. Terminal Guide of the ICs, Transistors and	
4.7.5. Speakerphone	22	Diodes	60
4.8. Signal Route	23	13.3.1. Base Unit	
5 Location of Controls and Components	25	13.3.2. Handset	
6 Installation Instructions	25	14 Schematic Diagram	61
7 Operating Instructions	25	14.1. For Schematic Diagram	61
8 Test Mode		14.1.1. Base Unit (Schematic Diagram (Base	
8.1. Engineering Mode		Unit_Main))	61
8.1.1. Base Unit		14.1.2. Handset (Schematic Diagram	
8.1.2. Handset		(Handset_Main))	61
9 Service Mode		14.2. Schematic Diagram (Base Unit_Main)	62
9.1. How to Clear User Setting (Handset Only)	30	14.3. Schematic Diagram (Base Unit_Operation)	
0 Troubleshooting Guide		14.4. Schematic Diagram (Handset_Main)	66
10.1. Troubleshooting Flowchart		15 Printed Circuit Board	
10.1.1. Check Power		15.1. Circuit Board (Base Unit_Main)	69
10.1.2. Check Record		15.1.1. Component View	
10.1.3. Check Playback	34	15.1.2. Bottom View	
10.1.4. Check Battery Charge	34	15.2. Circuit Board (Base Unit_Operation)	71
10.1.5. Check Link		15.3. Circuit Board (Handset_Main)	
10.1.6. Check the RF part	37	15.3.1. Component View	
10.1.7. Registering a Handset to the Base Unit		15.3.2. Bottom View	
10.1.8. Deregistering a Handset	41	16 Exploded View and Replacement Parts List	
10.1.9. Check Handset Transmission		16.1. Cabinet and Electrical Parts (Base Unit)	
10.1.10. Check Handset Reception		16.2. Cabinet and Electrical Parts (Handset)	76
10.1.11. Check Caller ID		16.3. Cabinet and Electrical Parts (Charger Unit)	
1 Disassembly and Assembly Instructions		16.4. Accessories and Packing Materials	
11.1. Disassembly Instructions	43	16.4.1. KX-TG4221N	78

1 Safety Precautions

1.1. For Service Technicians

- Repair service shall be provided in accordance with repair technology information such as service manual so as to prevent fires, injury or electric shock, which can be caused by improper repair work.
 - 1. When repair services are provided, neither the products nor their parts or members shall be remodeled.
 - 2. If a lead wire assembly is supplied as a repair part, the lead wire assembly shall be replaced.
 - 3. FASTON terminals shall be plugged straight in and unplugged straight out.
- ICs and LSIs are vulnerable to static electricity.

When repairing, the following precautions will help prevent recurring malfunctions.

- 1. Cover plastic parts boxes with aluminum foil.
- 2. Ground the soldering irons.
- 3. Use a conductive mat on worktable.
- 4. Do not grasp IC or LSI pins with bare fingers.

2 Warning

2.1. Battery Caution

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions.

Attention:



A nickel metal hydride battery that is recyclable powers the product you have purchased. Please call 1-800-8-BATTERY (1-800-822-8837) for information on how to recycle this battery.

2.2. About Lead Free Solder (PbF: Pb free)

Note:

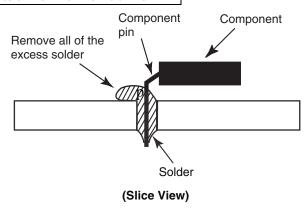
In the information below, Pb, the symbol for lead in the periodic table of elements, will refer to standard solder or solder that contains lead.

We will use PbF solder when discussing the lead free solder used in our manufacturing process which is made from Tin (Sn), Silver (Ag), and Copper (Cu).

This model, and others like it, manufactured using lead free solder will have PbF stamped on the PCB. For service and repair work we suggest using the same type of solder.

Caution

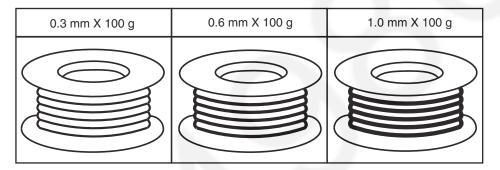
- PbF solder has a melting point that is 50 °F ~ 70 °F (30 °C ~ 40 °C) higher than Pb solder. Please use a soldering iron with temperature control and adjust it to 700 °F ± 20 °F (370 °C ± 10 °C).
- Exercise care while using higher temperature soldering irons.:
- Do not heat the PCB for too long time in order to prevent solder splash or damage to the PCB.
- PbF solder will tend to splash if it is heated much higher than its melting point, approximately 1100 °F (600 °C).
- When applying PbF solder to double layered boards, please check the component side for excess which may flow onto the
 opposite side (See the figure below).



2.2.1. Suggested PbF Solder

There are several types of PbF solder available commercially. While this product is manufactured using Tin, Silver, and Copper (Sn+Ag+Cu), you can also use Tin and Copper (Sn+Cu), or Tin, Zinc, and Bismuth (Sn+Zn+Bi). Please check the manufacturer's specific instructions for the melting points of their products and any precautions for using their product with other materials.

The following lead free (PbF) solder wire sizes are recommended for service of this product: 0.3 mm, 0.6 mm and 1.0 mm.



2.3. Discarding of P. C. Board

When discarding P. C. Board, delete all personal information such as telephone directory and caller list or scrap P. C. Board.

3 Specifications

■ Standard:

DECT 6.0 (Digital Enhanced Cordless

Telecommunications 6.0)

■ Number of channels: 60 Duplex Channels

■ Frequency range: 1.92 GHz to 1.93 GHz

■ Duplex procedure:

TDMA (Time Division Multiple Access)

■ Channel spacing:

1,728 kHz

■ Bit rate:

1,152 kbit/s

■ Modulation:

GFSK (Gaussian Frequency Shift Keying)

■ RF transmission power:

115 mW (max.)

■ Voice coding:

ADPCM 32 kbit/s

	Base Unit	Handset	Charger
Power source	AC Adaptor	Rechargeable Ni-MH battery	AC Adaptor
	(PNLV226Z, 120 V AC, 60 Hz)	AAA (R03) size (1.2 V 400 mAh)	(PNLV233-AZ, 120 V AC, 60 Hz)
Receiving Method	Super Heterodyne	Super Heterodyne	
Oscillation Method	PLL synthesizer	PLL synthesizer	_
Detecting Method	Quadrature Discriminator	Quadrature Discriminator	
Tolerance of OSC Frequency	13.824 MHz ±100 Hz	10.368 MHz ±100 Hz	
Modulation Method	Frequency Modulation	Frequency Modulation	
ID Code	40 bit	40 bit	_
Ringer Equivalence No. (REN)	0.1B		
Dialing Mode		Tone (DTMF)/Pulse	
Redial		Up to 48 digits	
Speed Dialer		Up to 32 digits (Phonebook)	
Power Consumption	Standby: Approx. 0.7 W	6 days at Standby,	Standby: Approx. 0.1 W,
	Maximum: Approx. 3.5 W	10 hours at Talk	Maximum: Approx. 1.8 W
Operating Conditions	0 °C - 40 °C (32 °F – 104 °F)	0 °C - 40 °C (32 °F – 104 °F)	0 °C - 40 °C (32 °F – 104 °F)
	20 % – 80 % relative air humidity	20 % – 80 % relative air humidity	20 % – 80 % relative air humidity
	(dry)	(dry)	(dry)
Dimensions (H x W x D)	Approx. 53 mm ' 96 mm ' 136 mm	Approx. 168 mm '48 mm '33 mm	Approx. 44 mm ′ 72 mm ′ 73 mm
Mass (Weight)	Approx. 150 g	Approx. 130 g	Approx. 50 g

Note:

• Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Note for Service:

• Operation range: Up to 300 m outdoors, Up to 50 m indoors, depending on the condition.

• Analog telephone connection: Telephone Line

• Optional T-adaptor: KX-J66

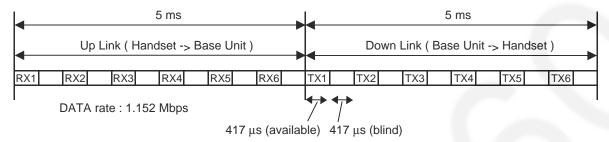
• Optional Range Extender: KX-TGA405

4 Technical Descriptions

4.1. US-DECT Description

The frequency range of 1.92 GHz-1.93 GHz is used. Transmitting and receiving carrier between base unit and handset is same frequency. Refer to **Frequency Table** (P.55).

4.1.1. TDD Frame Format

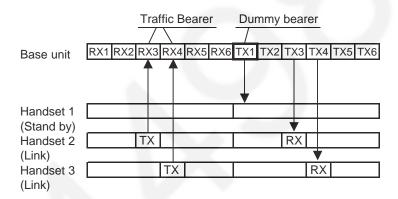


4.1.2. TDMA system

This system is the cycles of 10 ms, and has 6 duplex paths, but maximum duplex communication path is 5 because of dummy bearer use.

In 1 slot 417 μ s, the 10 ms of voice data is transmitted.

• 2 - Handsets Link



Traffic Bearer

A link is established between base unit and handset.

The state where duplex communication is performed.

Handset doesn't make up duplex in no free RF channels because of interference. (*1)

Dummy Bearer

Base unit sends Dummy-data to the all stand-by state handsets.

Handsets receive that data for synchronization and monitoring request from the base unit.

Base unit doesn't send Dummy bearer in no free RF channels because of interference. (*1)

Note:

(*1) It is a feature under FCC 15 regulation and for interference avoidance.

In the case of checking RF parts, it is better in least interference condition.

4.1.3. Signal Flowchart in the Radio Parts

Reception

A voice signal from TEL line is encoded to digital data "TXDATA" by BBIC (IC501) in a base unit.

Then TXDATA goes to RF PART and it's modulated to 1.9 GHz. The RF signal is amplified and fed to a selected antenna.

As for a handset RF, RF signal is received in one antenna.

BBIC down-converts to 864 kHz IF signal from RX signal and demodulates it to digital data "RXDATA".

BBIC (IC1) converts RXDATA into a voice signal and outputs it to speaker.

Transmission

A voice signal from microphone is encoded to digital data "TXDATA" by BBIC (IC1) in a handset.

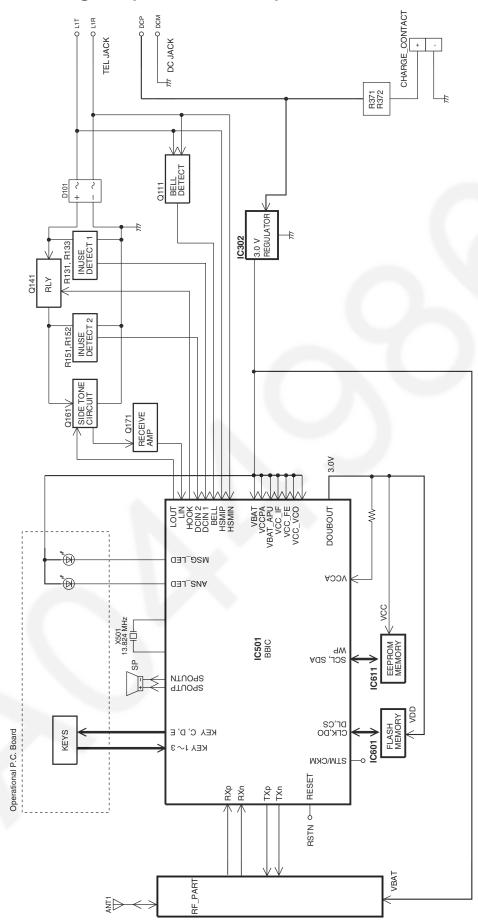
Then TXDATA goes to RF PART, and it's modulated to 1.9 GHz. The RF signal is amplified and fed to a antenna.

As for a base unit RF, RF signal is received in two antennas.

BBIC (IC501) compares RF signal levels and selects the antenna to be used. Then BBIC down-converts to 864 kHz IF signal from RX signal in the selected antenna, and demodulates it to digital data "RXDATA".

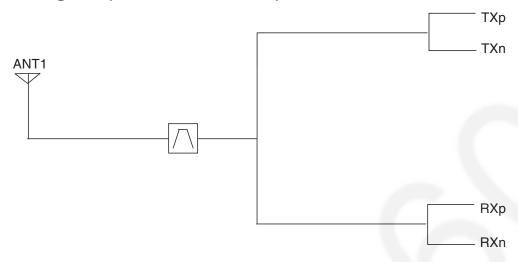
BBIC (IC501) converts RXDATA into a voice signal and outputs it to TEL line.

4.2. Block Diagram (Base Unit_Main)



KX-TG4221 BLOCK DIAGRAM (Base Unit_Main)

4.3. Block Diagram (Base Unit_RF Part)



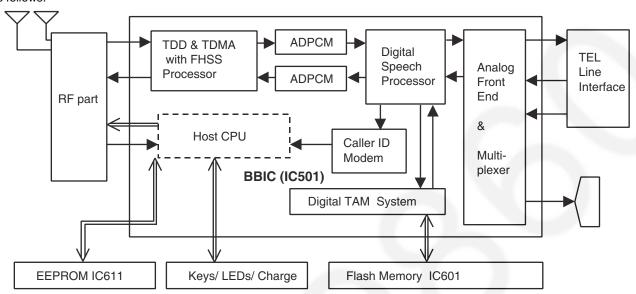
KX-TG4221 BLOCK DIAGRAM (Base Unit_RF Part)

4.4. Circuit Operation (Base Unit)

General Description:

(BBIC, Flash Memory, EERROM) is a digital speech/signal processing system that implements all the functions of speech compression, record and playback, and memory management required in a digital telephone answering machine.

The BBIC system is fully controlled by a host processor. The host processor provides activation and control of all that functions as follows.



4.4.1. BBIC (Base Band IC: IC501)

Voice Message Recording/Play back

The BBIC system uses a proprietary speech compression technique to record and store voice message in Flash Memory. An error correction algorithm is used to enable playback of these messages from the Flash Memory.

DTMF Generator

When the DTMF data from the handset is received, the DTMF signal is output.

Synthesized Voice (Pre-recorded message)

The BBIC implements synthesized Voice, utilizing the built in speech detector and a Flash Memory, which stored the vocabulary.

• Caller ID demodulation

The BBIC implements monitor and demodulate the FSK/DTMF signals that provide CID information from the Central Office.

Digital Switching

The voice signal from telephone line is transmitted to the handset or the voice signal from the handset is transmitted to the Telephone line, etc. They are determined by the signal path route operation of voice signal.

Block Interface Circuit

RF part, LED, Key scan, Speaker, Telephone line.

4.4.2. Flash Memory (IC601)

Following information data is stored.

Voice signal

ex: Pre-recorded Greeting message, Incoming message

4.4.3. **EEPROM (IC611)**

Following information data is stored.

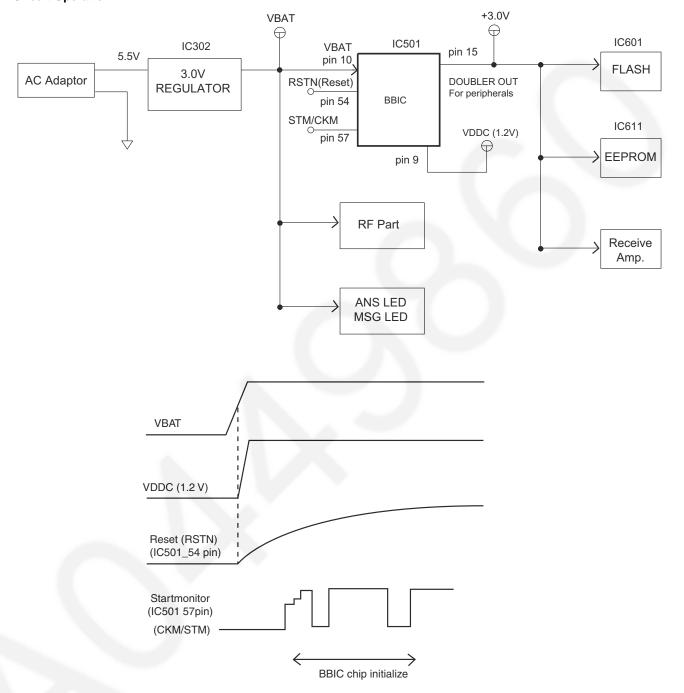
Settings

ex: message numbers, ID code, Flash Time, Tone/Pulse

4.4.4. Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit

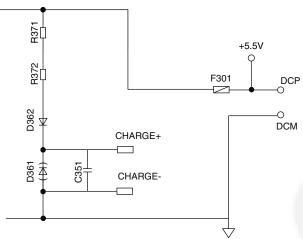
The power supply voltage from AC adaptor is converted to VBAT (3.0V) in IC302. And +3.0V for peripherals and analog part is insulated from VBAT by Doubler of BBIC.

Circuit Operation:



4.4.4.1. Charge Circuit

The voltage from the AC adaptor is supplied to the charge circuits.



4.4.5. Telephone Line Interface

Telephone Line Interface Circuit:

Function

- Bell signal detection
- ON/OFF hook and pulse dial circuit
- · Side tone circuit

Bell signal detection and OFF HOOK circuit:

In the idle mode, Q141 is open to cut the DC loop current and decrease the ring load. When ring voltage appears at the Tip (T) and Ring (R) leads (When the telephone rings), the AC ring voltage is transferred as follows:

 $T \rightarrow R111 \rightarrow C111 \rightarrow Q111 \rightarrow BBIC pin 5 [BELL]$

When the CPU (BBIC) detects a ring signal, Q141 turns on, thus providing an off-hook condition (active DC current flow through the circuit). Following signal flow is the DC current flow.

 $T \rightarrow D101 \rightarrow Q141 \rightarrow Q161 \rightarrow R163 \rightarrow D101 \rightarrow P101 \rightarrow R$

ON HOOK Circuit:

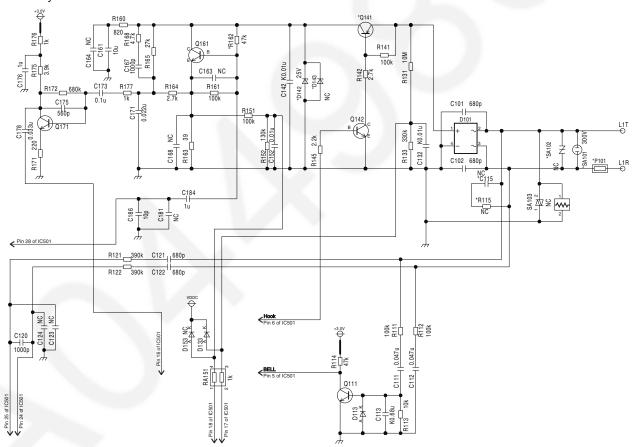
Q141 is open, Q141 is connected as to cut the DC loop current and to cut the voice signal. The unit is consequently in an on-hook condition.

Pulse Dial Circuit:

Pin 6 of BBIC turns Q141 ON/OFF to make the pulse dialing.

Side Tone Circuit:

Basically this circuit prevents the TX signal from feeding back to RX signal. As for this unit, TX signal feed back from Q161 is canceled by the canceller circuit of BBIC.



KX-TG4221N/KX-TG4222N/KX-TG4223N/KX-TG313SK/KX-TG4224N/KX-TG4225N/KX-TGA421N

4.4.6. Parallel Connection Detect Circuit/Auto Disconnect Circuit

Function:

In order to disable call waiting and stutter tone functions when using telephones connected in parallel, it is necessary to have a circuit that judges whether a telephone connected in parallel is in use or not. This circuit determines whether the telephone connected in parallel is on hook or off hook by detecting changes in the T/R voltage.

Circuit Operation:

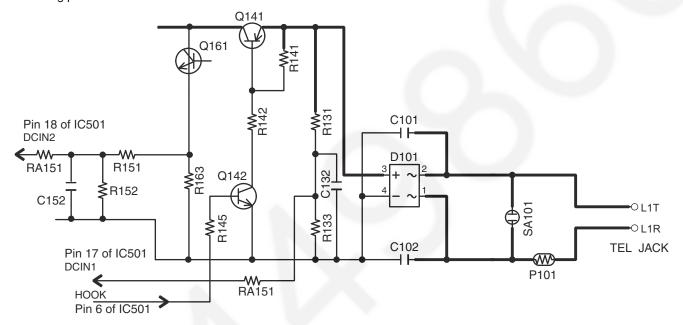
Parallel connection detection when on hook:

When on hook, the voltage is monitored at pin 17 of IC501. There is no parallel connection if the voltage is 0.54 V or higher, while a parallel connection is deemed to exist if the voltage is lower.

Parallel connection detection when off hook:

When off hook, the voltage is monitored at pin 18 of IC501; the presence/absence of a parallel connection is determined by detecting the voltage changes.

If the Auto disconnect function is ON and statuses are Hold, receiving ICM, OGM transmitting, BBIC disconnects the line after detecting parallel connection is off hook.



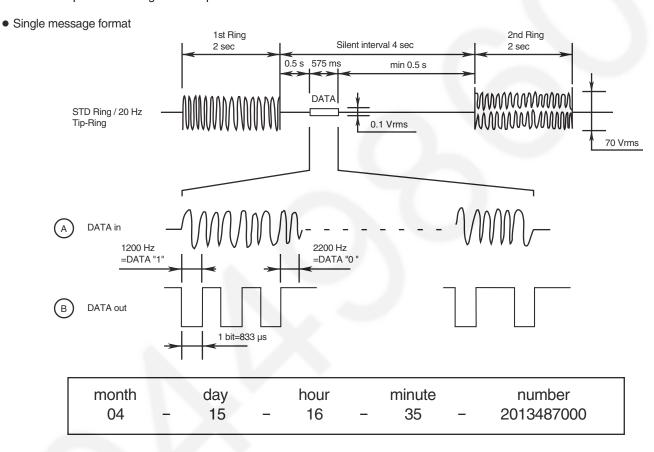
4.4.7. Calling Line Identification (Caller ID)/Call Waiting Caller ID

Function:

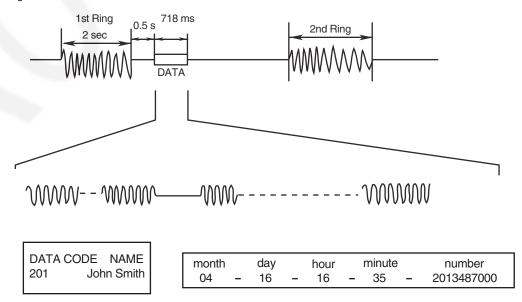
Caller ID

The caller ID is a chargeable ID which the user of a telephone circuit obtains by entering a contract with the telephone company to utilize a caller ID service. For this reason, the operation of this circuit assumes that a caller ID service contract has been entered for the circuit being used. The data for the caller ID from the telephone exchange is sent during the interval between the first and second rings of the bell signal. The data from the telephone exchange is a modem signal which is modulated in an FSK (Frequency Shift Keying) * format. Data "1" is a 1200 Hz sine wave, and data "0" is a 2200 Hz sine wave. There are two types of the message format which can be received: i.e. the single message format and plural message format. The plural message format allows to transmit the name and data code information in addition to the time and telephone number data.

*: Also the telephone exchange service provides other formats.



Plural message format



Call Waiting Caller ID

Calling Identity Delivery on Call Waiting (CIDCW) is a CLASS service that allows a customer, while off-hook on an existing call, to receive information about a calling party on a waited call. The transmission of the calling information takes place almost immediately after the customer is alerted to the new call so he/she can use this information to decide whether to take the new call.

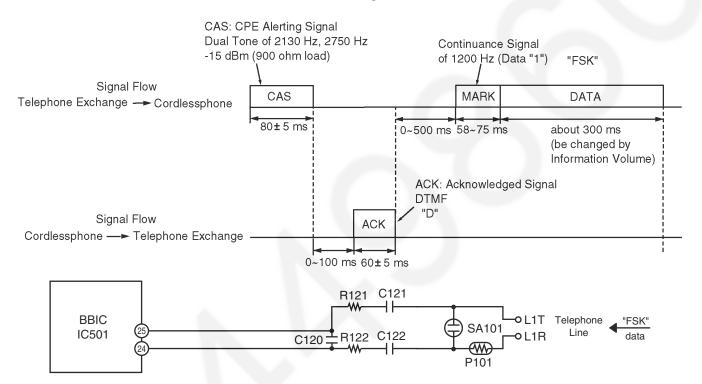
Function:

The telephone exchange transmits or receives CAS and ACK signals through each voice RX/TX route. Then FSK data and MARK data pass the following route.

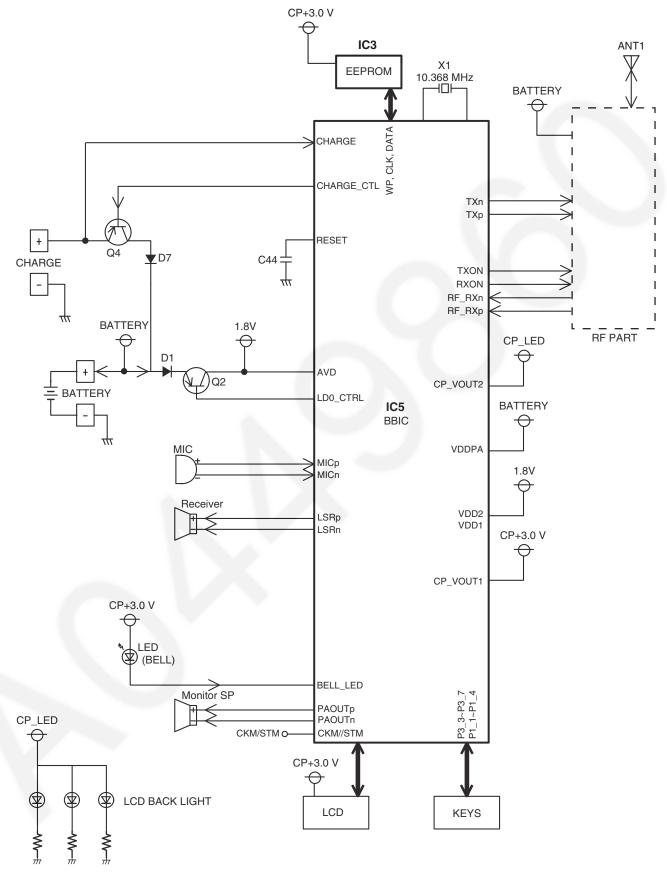
Telephone Line \rightarrow P101 \rightarrow C121, C122 \rightarrow R121, R122 \rightarrow IC501 (25, 24).

If the unit deems that a telephone connected in parallel is in use, ACK is not returned even if CAS is received, and the information for the second and subsequent callers is not displayed on the portable handset display.

Call Waiting Format

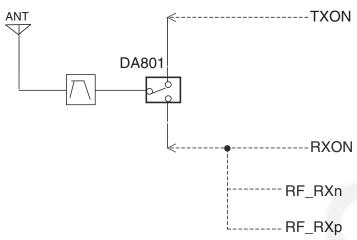


4.5. Block Diagram (Handset)



KX-TGA421 BLOCK DIAGRAM (Handset)

4.6. Block Diagram (Handset_RF Part)



KX-TGA421 BLOCK DIAGRAM (Handset_RF Part)

4.7. Circuit Operation (Handset)

4.7.1. **Outline**

Handset consists of the following ICs as shown in Block Diagram (Handset) (P.19).

- DECT BBIC (Base Band IC): IC5
 - All data signals (forming/analyzing ACK or CMD signal)
 - All interfaces (ex: Key, Detector Circuit, Charge, EEPROM, LCD.)
 - PLL Oscillator
 - Detector
 - Compress/Expander
 - Reception
- EEPROM: IC3
 - Temporary operating parameters (for RF, etc.)

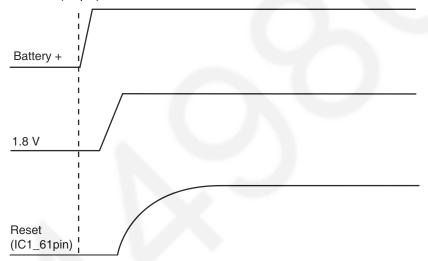
4.7.2. Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit

Circuit Operation:

When power on the Handset, the voltage is as follows;

BATTERY(2.2 V ~ 2.6 V: BATT+) \rightarrow F1 \rightarrow Q2 (1.8 V), IC5-49pin (3.0V)

The Reset signal generates IC5 (68 pin) and 1.8 V.



4.7.3. Charge Circuit

Circuit Operation:

When charging the handset on the Base Unit, the charge current is as follows;

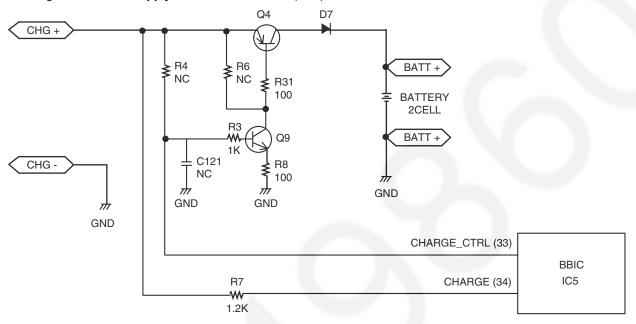
 $DC+(5.5 \text{ V}) \rightarrow F301 \rightarrow R371 \rightarrow R372 \rightarrow D362 \rightarrow CHARGE+(Base) \rightarrow CHARGE+(Handset) \rightarrow Q4 \rightarrow D7 \rightarrow F1 \rightarrow BATTERY+... \\ Battery...$

 $\mathsf{BATTERY} \to \mathsf{R45} \to \mathsf{GND} \to \mathsf{CHARGE}\text{-}(\mathsf{Handset}) \to \mathsf{CHARGE}\text{-}(\mathsf{Base}) \to \mathsf{GND} \to \mathsf{DC}\text{-}(\mathsf{GND})$

In this way, the BBIC on Handset detects the fact that the battery is charged.

The charge current is controlled by switching Q9 of Handset.

Refer to Fig.101 in Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit (P.13).



4.7.4. Battery Low/Power Down Detector

Circuit Operation:

"Battery Low" and "Power Down" are detected by BBIC which check the voltage from battery.

The detected voltage is as follows;

Battery Low

Battery voltage: V(Batt) ≤ 2.25 V ± 50 mV

The BBIC detects this level and "-starts flashing.

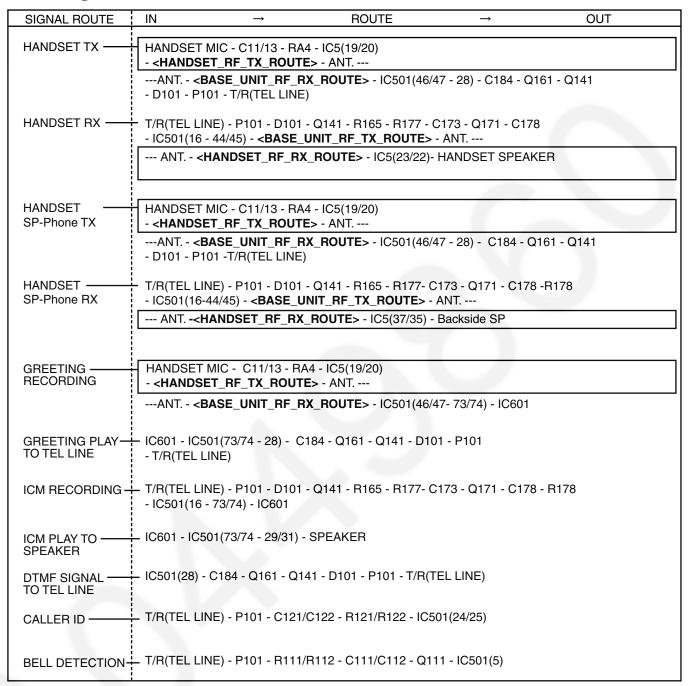
• Power Down

Battery voltage: $V(Batt) \le 2.0 \text{ V} \pm 50 \text{ mV}$ The BBIC detects this level and power down.

4.7.5. Speakerphone

The hands-free loudspeaker at SP+ and SP- is used to generate the ring alarm.

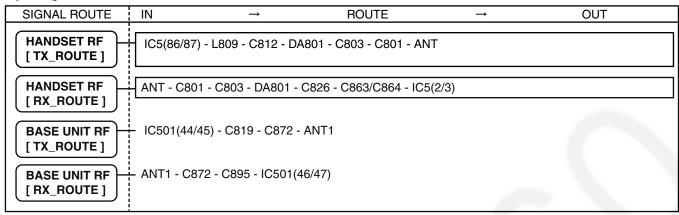
4.8. Signal Route



: inside of Handset

KX-TG4221N/KX-TG4222N/KX-TG4223N/KX-TG313SK/KX-TG4224N/KX-TG4225N/KX-TGA421N

RF part signal route



Note:

: inside of Handset

5 Location of Controls and Components

Refer to the Operating Instructions.

Note:

You can download and refer to the Operating Instructions (Instruction book) on TSN Server.

6 Installation Instructions

Refer to the Operating Instructions.

Note:

You can download and refer to the Operating Instructions (Instruction book) on TSN Server.

7 Operating Instructions

Refer to the Operating Instructions.

Note:

You can download and refer to the Operating Instructions (Instruction book) on TSN Server.

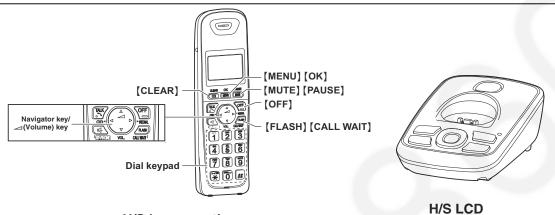
8 Test Mode

8.1. Engineering Mode

8.1.1. Base Unit

Important:

Make sure the address on LCD is correct when entering new data. Otherwise, you may ruin the unit.



H/S key operation

11/3 LOL

- 1). Press MENU.
- 2). Select "Initial setting" using [▲]or[▼] then press **OK** or [►].

Select "Set tel line" using (▲)or(▼) then press OK or (►).

- 3). Enter "7", "2", "6", "2", "7", "6", "6", "4".

 Note: 7262 7664 = PANA SONI

 (see letters printed on dial keys)
- 4). Select "Write EEP" using [▲]or[▼] then press ok or [►].
- 5). Enter "●", "●", "●", "●" (Address). (*1)
- 6). Enter "*", "*" (New Data). (*1)
- 7). Press **OK** , a long confirmation beep will be heard.
- Caller list

 VA

 Y

 Initial setting

 VA

 Y

 Set tel line

 VA

 Y

 Set dial mode

 VA

 Y

 Service mode

 Read EEP

 Write EEP

 Y

 Set Addr.:

 OHIGH SET Addr.:

 New Data

8). Press [OFF] to return to standby mode.

After that, turn the base unit power off and then power on.

Note: * To enter "Set dial mode ", press **OK** or **[** ► **]** at " Set tel line". It is necessary to turn on the power of base unit.

Frequently Used Items (Base Unit)

Items	Address	Default Data	New	Data	Remarks
Frequency	00 07 / 00 08	00/01	-	-	Use these items in a READ-ONLY mode to
ID	00 02 ~ 00 06	Given value	-	-	confirm the contents. Careless rewriting may
					cause serious damage to the computer system.

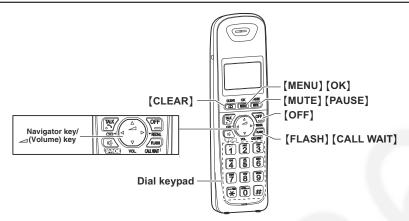
Note: (*1) When you enter the address or New Data, please refer to the table below.

Desired Number (hex)	Input Keys	Desired Number (hex)	Input Keys
0	0	A	[Flash] + 0
1	1	В	[Flash] + 1
		С	[Flash] + 2
		D	[Flash] + 3
		E	[Flash] + 4
9	9	F	[Flash] + 5

8.1.2. Handset

Important:

Make sure the address on LCD is correct when entering new data. Otherwise, you may ruin the unit.



H/S key operation

H/S LCD

- 1). Press MENU.
- 2). Select "Initial setting" using [▲] or [▼] then press **OK** or [►].
- 3). Enter "7", "2", "6", "2", "7", "6", "6", "4".

 Note: 7262 7664 = PANA SONI

 (see letters printed on dial keys)
- 4). Select "Write EEP" using [▲] or [▼] then press OK or [►].
- 5). Enter "●", "●", "●", "●" (Address). (*1)
- 6). Enter "*", "*" (New Data). (*1)
- 7). Press **OK**, a long confirmation beep will be heard.

Caller list

YA

Y

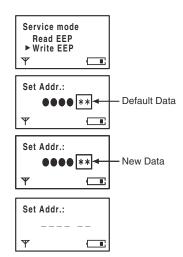
Initial setting

YA

Ringer Setting

YA

Y



8). Press [OFF] to return to standby mode.

After that, remove and reinsert the batteries. Press the Power button for about 1 second if the power is not turned on.

Frequently Used Items (Handset)

ex.)

Items	Address	Default Data	New Data	Possible Adjusted Value MAX (hex)	Possible Adjusted Value MIN (hex)	Remarks
Battery Low	00 11 / 00 12	00 / 00	-	-	-	
Frequency	00 07 / 00 08	00 / 01	-	-	-	(*2)
ID	00 02 ~ 00 06	Given value	-	-	-	

Note:

(*1) When you enter the address or New Data, please refer to the table below.

Desired Number (hex.)	Input Keys	Desired Number (hex.)	Input Keys
0	0	A	[Flash] + 0
1	1	В	[Flash] + 1
		С	[Flash] + 2
		D	[Flash] + 3
		E	[Flash] + 4
9	9	F	[Flash] + 5

^(*2) Use these items in a READ-ONLY mode to confirm the contents. Careless rewriting may cause serious damage to the handset.

9 Service Mode

9.1. How to Clear User Setting (Handset Only)

Handset

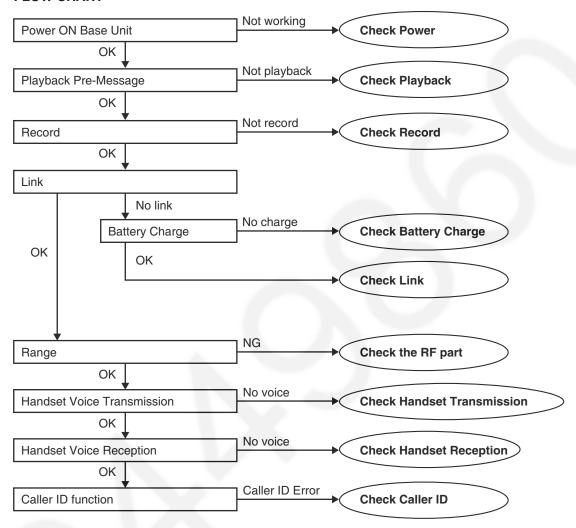
Press 2,5,8,0 simultaneously until a beep sound is heard. Then single handset is initialized. (The contents of user setting are reset to factory default)

*Usage time is not cleared.

10 Troubleshooting Guide

10.1. Troubleshooting Flowchart

FLOW CHART



Cross Reference:

Check Power (P.32)

Check Playback (P.34)

Check Record (P.33)

Check Battery Charge (P.34)

Check Link (P.35)

Check the RF part (P.37)

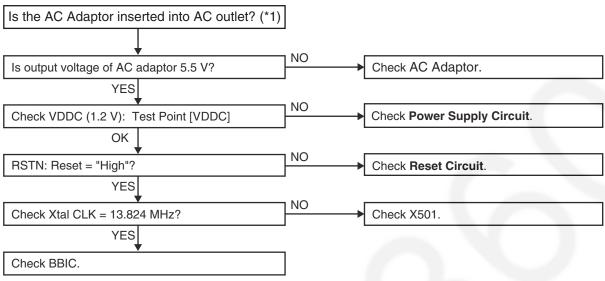
Check Handset Transmission (P.42)

Check Handset Reception (P.42)

Check Caller ID (P.42)

10.1.1. Check Power

10.1.1.1. Base Unit



Cross Reference:

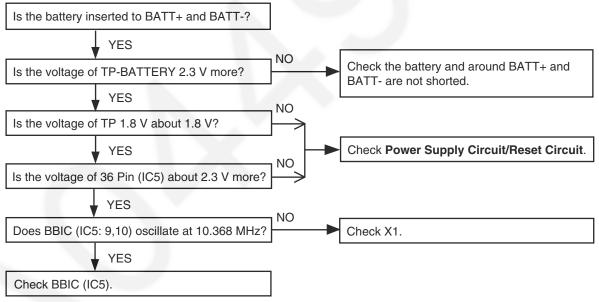
Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit (P.13)

Note:

BBIC is IC501.

- (*1) Refer to **Specifications** (P.7) for part number and supply voltage of AC adaptor.
- (*2) Refer to Circuit Board (Base Unit_Main) (P.69).

10.1.1.2. Handset



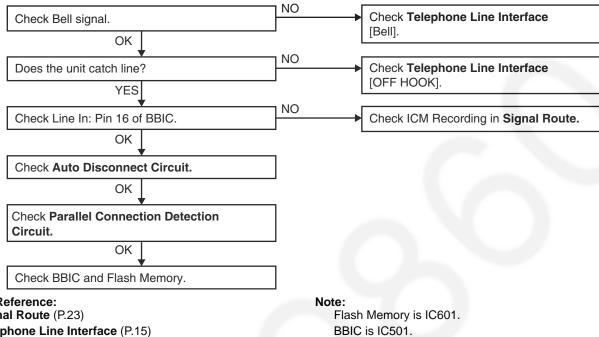
Cross Reference:

Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit (P.21)

10.1.2. Check Record

10.1.2.1. Base Unit

A) Not record Incoming Message



Cross Reference:

Signal Route (P.23)

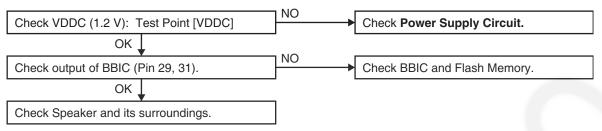
Telephone Line Interface (P.15)

Parallel Connection Detect Circuit/Auto Disconnect

Circuit (P.16)

10.1.3. Check Playback

10.1.3.1. Base Unit



Cross Reference:

Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit (P.13)

Note:

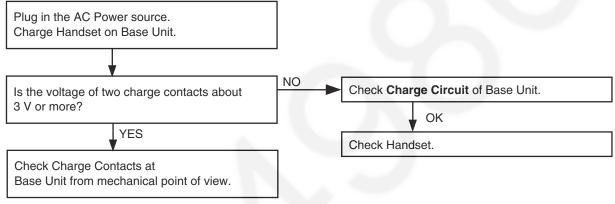
Flash Memory is IC601.

BBIC is IC1.

(*1) Refer to Circuit Board (Base Unit_Main) (P.69).

10.1.4. Check Battery Charge

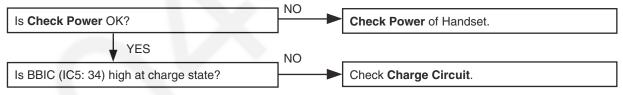
10.1.4.1. Base Unit



Cross Reference:

Charge Circuit (P.14)

10.1.4.2. Handset

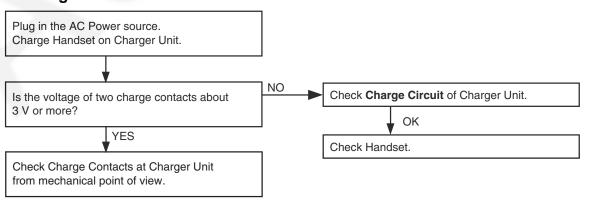


Cross Reference:

Check Power (P.32)

Charge Circuit (P.22)

10.1.4.3. Charger Unit

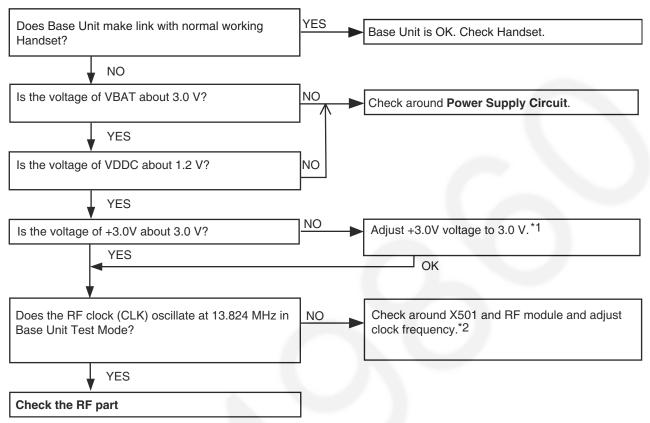


Cross Reference:

Charge Circuit (P.22)

10.1.5. Check Link

10.1.5.1. Base Unit



Cross Reference:

Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit (P.13)

Check the RF part (P.37)

Note:

*1 How to adjust +3.0V:

Execute the command "VDA"

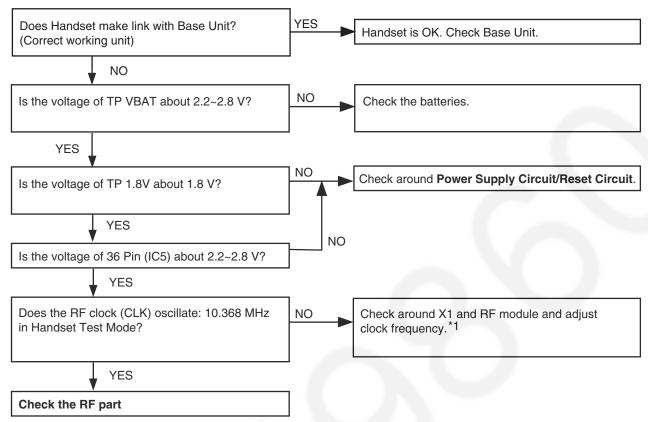
Refer to Things to Do after Replacing IC or X'tal (P.53) for Base Unit.

*2 How to adjust the frequency of X501:

To see the frequency, execute the command "SFR", then check the TP_CKM (IC501-57pin).

To adjust frequency, send command "SFR $\square \bigcirc \bigcirc \square \bigcirc \bigcirc$ " until the frequency counter becomes 13.824 MHZ±55HZ.

10.1.5.2. Handset



Cross Reference:

Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit (P.21)

Check the RF part (P.37)

Note:

*1 How to adjust the frequency of X1:

To see the frequency, execute the command "SFR", then check the TP_CKM (IC5-52pin).

Refer to Things to Do after Replacing IC or X'tal (P.54) for Handset.

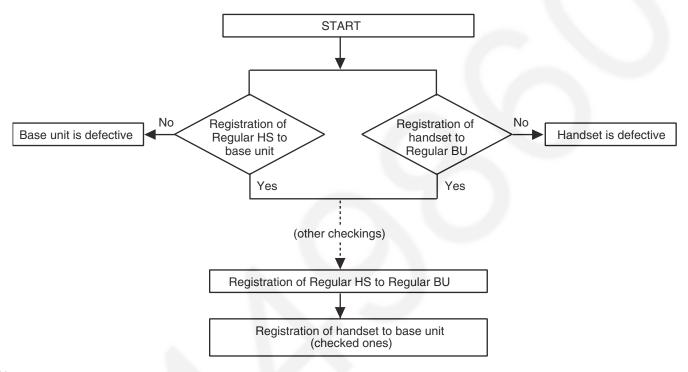
10.1.6. Check the RF part

10.1.6.1. Finding out the Defective part

- 1. Prepare Regular HS(*1) and Regular BU(*2).
- 2. a. Re-register regular HS (Normal mode) to base unit (to be checked). If this operation fails in some ways, the base unit is defective.
 - b. Re-register handset (to be checked) to regular BU (Normal mode). If this operation fails in some ways, the handset is defective.

After All the Checkings or Repairing

1. Re-register the checked handset to the checked base unit, and Regular HS to Regular BU.

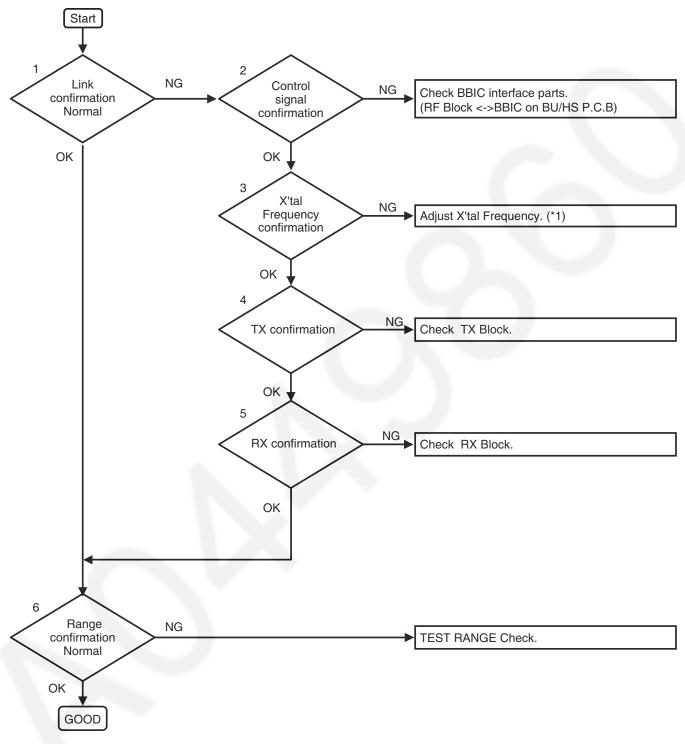


Note:

(*1) HS: Handset (*2) BU: Base Unit

10.1.6.2. RF Check Flowchart

Each item (1 \sim 6) of RF Check Flowchart corresponds to **Check Table for RF part** (P.39). Please refer to the each item.



Note:

(*1) Refer to Check Link (P.35).

10.1.6.3. Check Table for RF part

No.	Item	BU (Base Unit) Check	HS (Handset) Check
1	Link Confirmation Normal	Register Regular HS to BU (to be checked).	Register HS (to be checked) to Regular BU.
	HS, BU Mode [Normal Mode]	Press [Talk] key of the Regular HS to establish link.	Press [Talk] key of the HS to establish link.
2	X'tal Frequency confirmation	Check X'tal Frequency.	Check X'tal Frequency.
	HS, BU Mode: [Adjustment]	(13.824000 MHz ±100 Hz)	(10.368000 MHz ±100 Hz)
3	TX confirmation Regular HS (BU) Mode: [Test RX Mode] BU (HS) Mode: [Test TX_Burst Mode]	Place Regular HS 15 cm away from a checked BU. Confirm "TXDATA" waveform of BU (*1) and "RXDATA" waveform of Regular HS by Digital Oscilloscope.	Place Regular BU 15 cm away from a checked HS. Confirm "TXDATA" waveform of HS (*2) and "RXDATA" waveform of Regular BU by Digital Oscilloscope.
4	RX confirmation Regular HS (BU) Mode: [Test TX_Burst Mode] BU (HS) Mode: [Test RX Mode]	Place Regular HS 15 cm away from a checked BU. Confirm "RXDATA" waveform of BU (*1) and "TXDATA" waveform of Regular HS by Digital Oscilloscope.	Place Regular BU 15 cm away from a checked HS. Confirm "RXDATA" waveform of HS (*2) and "TXDATA" waveform of Regular BU by Digital Oscilloscope.
5	Range Confirmation Normal HS, BU Mode: [Normal Mode]	Register Regular HS to BU (to be checked). Press [Talk] key of the Regular HS to establish link. Compare the range of the BU (being checked) with that of the Regular BU.	Register HS (to be checked) to Regular BU. Press [Talk] key of the HS to establish link. Compare the range of the HS (being checked) with that of the Regular HS.

Note:

- (*1) Adjustment Standard (Base Unit) (P.51)
- (*2) Adjustment Standard (Handset) (P.52)

10.1.6.4. TEST RANGE Check

Circuit block which range is defective can be found by the following check.

Item BU (Base Unit) Check		HS (Handset) Check	
Range Confirmation TX TEST	 Register Regular HS to BU (to be checked). 	Register HS (to be checked) to Regular BU.	
(TX Power check)			
	Set TX Power of the BU and the Regular HS	Set TX Power of the HS and the Regular BU	
HS, BU setting	according to CHART1.	according to CHART1.	
Checked unit: Low TX power (*1)			
Regular unit: High TX power (*1)	3. At distance of about 20m between HS and BU,	3. At distance of about 20m between HS and BU,	
	Link $OK = TX$ Power of the BU is OK .	Link OK = TX Power of the HS is OK.	
	No Link = TX Power of the BU is NG.	No Link = TX Power of the HS is NG.	
Range Confirmation RX TEST	 Register Regular HS to BU (to be checked). 	Register HS (to be checked) to Regular BU.	
(RX sensitivity check)			
	Set TX Power of the BU and the Regular HS	Set TX Power of the Checking HS and the Reg-	
HS, BU setting	according to CHART1.	ular BU according to CHART1.	
Checked unit: High TX power (*1)			
Regular unit: Low TX power (*1)	3. At distance of about 20m between HS and BU,	3. At distance of about 20m between HS and BU,	
	Link OK= RX Sensitivity of the BU is OK.	Link OK= RX Sensitivity of the HS is OK.	
	No Link = RX Sensitivity of the BU is NG.	No Link = RX Sensitivity of the HS is NG	

CHART1: Setting of TX Power and RX Sensitivity in Range Confirmation TX TEST, RX TEST

	BU (to be checked)	Regular_HS
	TX Power	TX Power
BU (Base Unit) TX Power Check	Low	High
BU (Base Unit) RX Sensitivity Check	High	Low

	HS (to be checked)	Regular_BU
	TX Power	TX Power
HS (Handset) TX Power Check	Low	High
HS (Handset) RX Sensitivity Check	High	Low

Note:

(*1) Refer to Commands (P.50).

10.1.7. Registering a Handset to the Base Unit

1 Handset:

(MENU)

- 2 [V]/[A]: "Initial setting" $\rightarrow [OK]$
- 3 $[\mathbf{v}] / [\mathbf{A}]$: "Registration" $\rightarrow [\mathbf{OK}]$
- 4 [V]/[A]: "HS registration" $\rightarrow [OK]$
- 5 Base unit:

Press and hold **[LOCATOR]** for about 5 seconds until the registration tone sounds.

- If all registered handsets start ringing, press the same button to stop. Then repeat this step.
- The next step must be completed within 90 seconds.
- 6 Handset:

Press [OK], then wait until a long beep sounds.

Note:

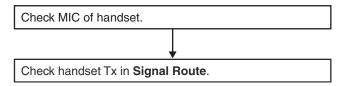
 While registering, "Base in registering mode" is displayed on all registered handsets.

10.1.8. Deregistering a Handset

A handset can cancel its own registration (or the registration of another handset) that is stored to the base unit. This allows the handset to end its wireless connection with the system.

- 1 (MENU)
- 2 [▼]/[▲]: "Initial setting" → [OK]
- 3 [V]/[A]: "Registration" \rightarrow [OK]
- 4 [▼]/[▲]: "Deregistration" → [OK]
- 5 $[3][3][5] \rightarrow [OK]$
- 6 Select the handset(s) you want to cancel by pressing the desired handset number ([1]-[6]). → [OK]
 - The selected handset number(s) flashes.
 - To undo a selection, press the handset number again. The number stops flashing.
- 7 [V]/[A]: "Yes" \rightarrow [OK]
- 8 [OFF]

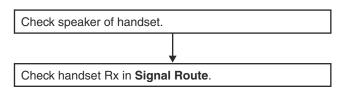
10.1.9. Check Handset Transmission



Cross Reference:

Signal Route (P.23)

10.1.10. Check Handset Reception



Cross Reference:

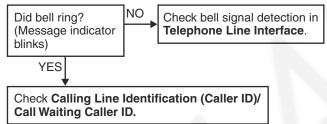
Signal Route (P.23)

Note:

When checking the RF part, Refer to **Check the RF part** (P.37).

10.1.11. Check Caller ID

BASE UNIT



Cross Reference:

Telephone Line Interface (P.15)

Calling Line Identification (Caller ID)/Call Waiting Caller ID (P.17)

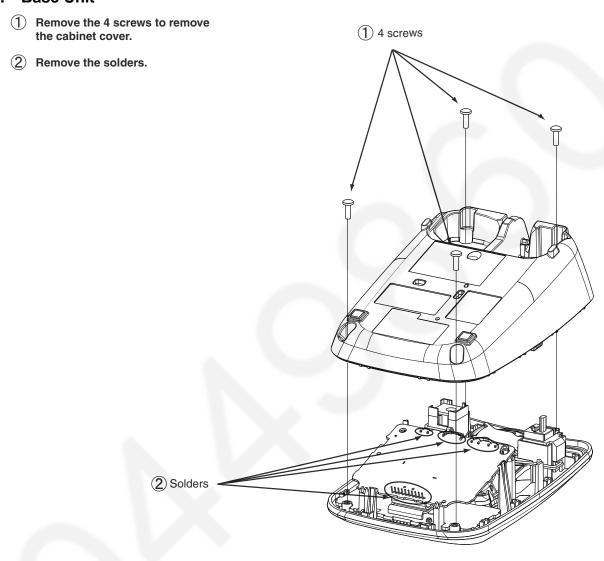
Note:

- Make sure the format of the Caller ID service of the Telephone company that the customer subscribes to.
- It is also recommended to confirm that the customer is really a subscriber of the service.

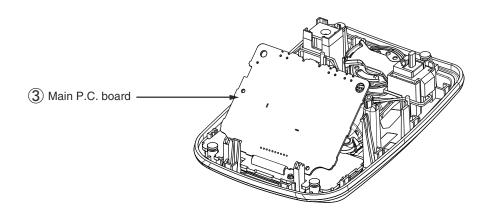
11 Disassembly and Assembly Instructions

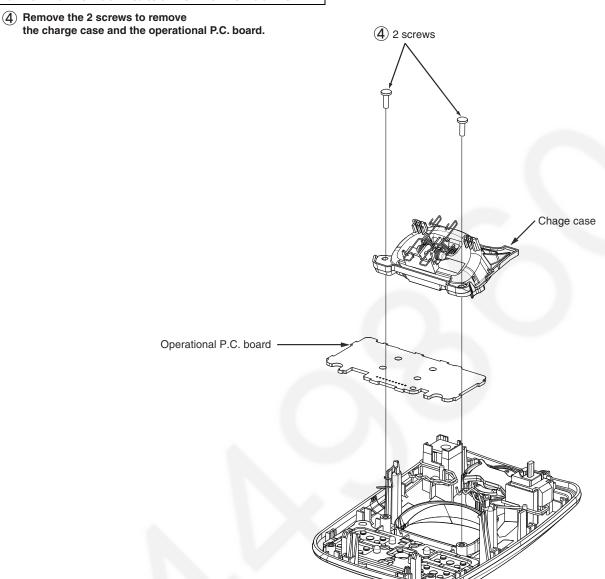
11.1. Disassembly Instructions

11.1.1. Base Unit



(3) Remove the main P.C. board.



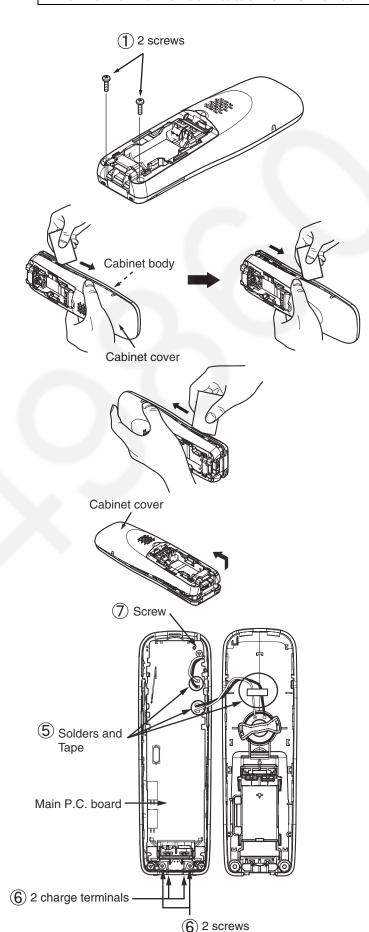


11.1.2. Handset

(1) Remove the 2 screws.

- ② Insert a plastic card. (Ex. Used SIM card etc.) between the cabinet body and the cabinet cover, then pull it along the gap to open the cabinet.
- (3) Likewise, open the other side of the cabinet.
- 4 Remove the cabinet cover by pushing it upward.

- (5) Remove the solders and tape.
- 6 Remove the 2 screws to remove the 2 charge terminals.
- (7) Remove the screw to remove the main P. C. board.

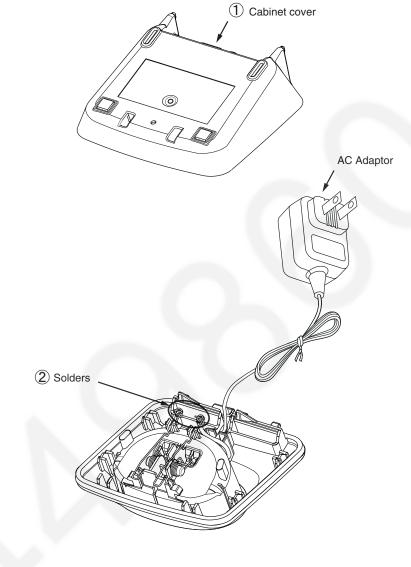


11.1.3. Charger Unit

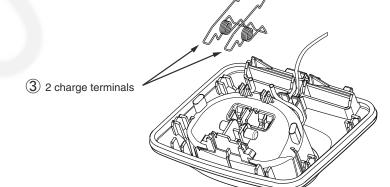
1 Remove the cabinet cover.

2 Remove the solders to remove

the AC adaptor.



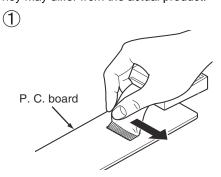
3 Remove the 2 charge terminals.



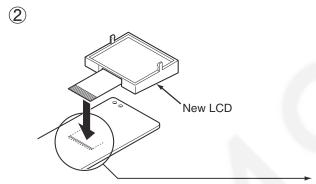
11.2. How to Replace the Handset LCD

Note:

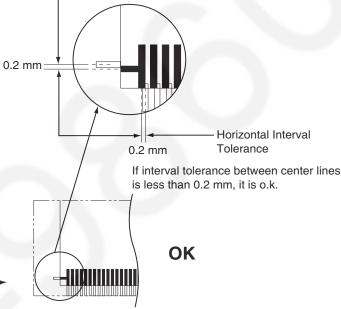
The illustrations are simplified in this page. They may differ from the actual product.

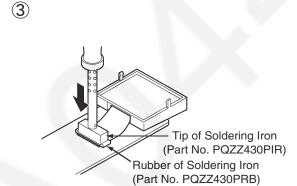


Peel off the FFC (Flexible Flat Cable) from the LCD, in the direction of the arrow. Take care to ensure that the foil on the P.C. board is not damaged.

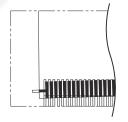


Fit the heatseal of a new LCD.



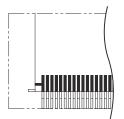


Heatweld with the tip of the soldering iron about 5 to 8 seconds (in case of 60W soldering iron).



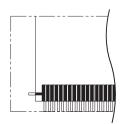
Vertical Interval Tolerance

> NG (Inclined)



NG

(Vertical interval tolerance is more than 0.2 mm.)



NG

(Horizontal interval tolerance is more than 0.2 mm.)

12 Measurements and Adjustments

This chapter explains the measuring equipment, the JIG connection, and the PC setting method necessary for the measurement in **Troubleshooting Guide** (P.31)

12.1. Equipment Required

- Digital multi-meter (DMM): it must be able to measure voltage and current.
- · Oscilloscope.
- Frequency counter: It must be precise enough to measure intervals of 1 Hz (precision; ±4 ppm) Hewlett Packard, 53131A is recommended.
- DECT tester: Rohde & Schwarz, CMD 60 is recommended.
 This equipment may be useful in order to precisely adjust like a mass production.

12.2. The Setting Method of JIG

<Preparation>

- Serial JIG cable: PQZZ1CD300E*
 PC which runs in DOS mode
- Batch file CD-ROM for setting: PNZZTG4221M

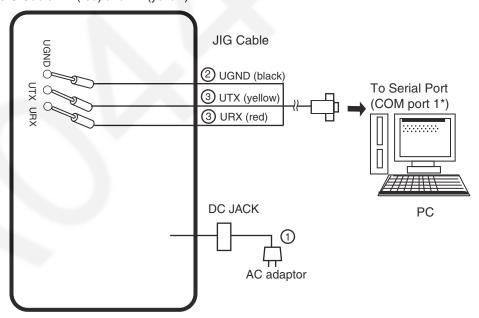
Note:

*: If you have the JIG Cable for TCD500 series (PQZZ1CD505E), change the following values of resistance. Then you can use it as a JIG Cable for both TCD300 and TCD500 series. (It is an upper compatible JIG Cable.)

Resistor	Old value (kΩ)	New value (kΩ)
R2	22	3.3
R3	22	3.3
R4	22	4.7
R7	4.7	10

12.2.1. Connections (Base Unit)

- ① Connect the AC adaptor.
- 2 Connect the JIG Cable GND (black).
- (3) Connect the JIG Cable RX (red) and TX (yellow).



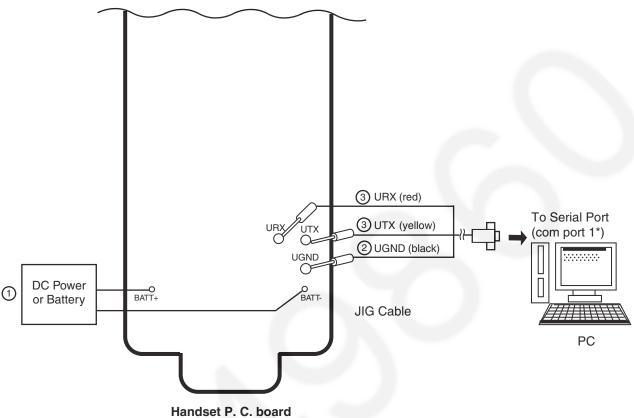
Base unit P. C. board

Note:

*: COM port names may vary depending on what your PC calls it.

12.2.2. Connections (Handset)

- ①Connect the DC Power or Battery to BATT+ and BATT-.
- ②Connect the JIG cable GND (black) to GND.
- 3 Connect the JIG cable UTX (yellow) to UTX and URX (red) to URX.



Note:

*: COM port names may vary depending on what your PC calls it.

12.2.3. How to install Batch file into P.C.

- **1.** Insert the Batch file CD-ROM into CD-ROM drive and copy PNZZTG**** folder to your PC (example: D drive).
- 2. Open an MS-DOS mode window.

<Example for Windows>

On your computer, click [Start], select Programs
(All Programs for Windows XP/Windows Server 2003),
then click

MS-DOS Prompt. (for Windows 95/Windows 98)

Oı

Accessories-MS-DOS Prompt. (for Windows Me)

Oı

Command Prompt. (for Windows NT 4.0)

Or

Accessories-Command Prompt.

(for Windows 2000/Windows XP/Windows Server 2003)

- **3.** At the DOS prompt, type "D:" (for example) to select the drive, then press the **Enter** key.
- **4.** Type "CD ¥PNZZTG****", then press the Enter key.
- **5.** Type "SET_COM=X", then press the Enter key (X: COM port number used for the serial connection on your PC).
- **6.** Type "**READID**", then press the **Enter** key.
 - •If any error messages appear, change the port number or check the cable connection.
 - If any value appear, go to next step.
- 7. Type "DOSKEY", then press the Enter key.

<Example>

- C: ¥Documents and Settings>D:
- D: ¥>CD ¥PNZZTG****
- D: ¥PNZZTG**** >SET_COM=X
- D: ¥PNZZTG****>READID
- 00 52 4F A8 A8
- D: ¥PNZZTG****>DOSKEY
- D: ¥PNZZTG****>_

<Example: error happens>

- C: ¥Documents and Settings>D:
- D: ¥>CD ¥PNZZTG****
- D: ¥PNZZTG**** >SET_COM=X
- D: ¥PNZZTG****>READID CreateFile error

ERROR 10: Can't open serial port

D: ¥PNZZTG ****>_

Note:

• "****" varies depending on the country or models.

12.2.4. Commands

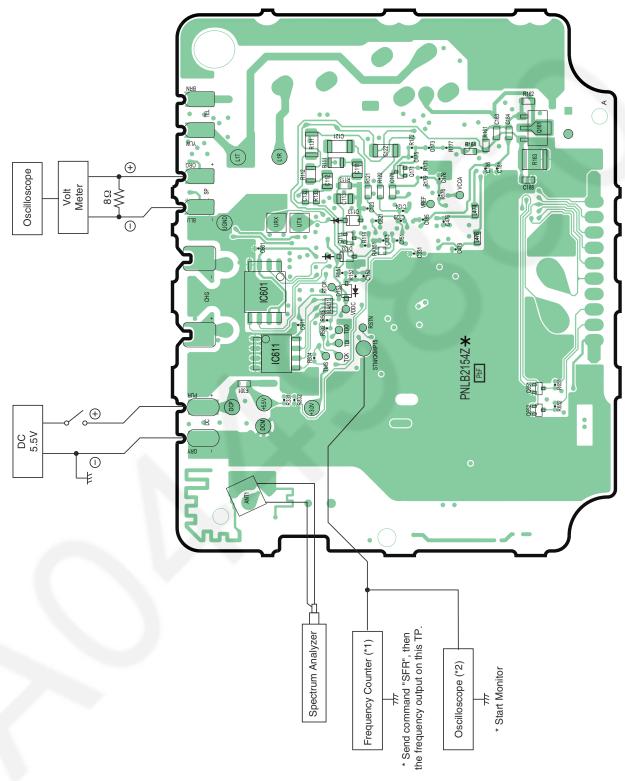
See the table below for frequently used commands.

Command name	Function	Example
rdeeprom	Read the data of EEPROM	Type "rdeeprom 00 00 FF", and the data from address
		"00 00" to "FF" is read out.
readid	Read ID (RFPI)	Type "readid", and the registered ID is read out.
writeid	Write ID (RFPI)	Type "writeid 00 18 E0 0E 98", and the ID "0018 E0 0E 98" is written.
hookoff	Off-hook mode on Base	Type "hookoff".
hookon	On-hook mode on Base	Type "hookon".
getchk	Read checksum	Type "getchk".
wreeprom	Write the data of EEPROM	Type "wreeprom 01 23 45". "01 23" is address and "45" is data to be written.

12.3. Adjustment Standard (Base Unit)

When connecting the simulator equipment for checking, please refer to below.

12.3.1. Bottom View



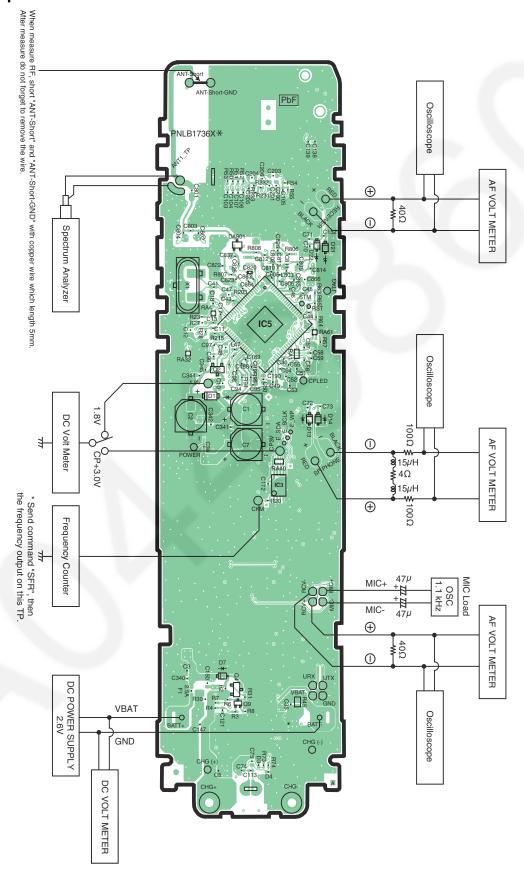
Note:

- (*1) is referred to No.2 of Check Check Table for RF part (P.39)
- (*2) is referred to Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit (P.13)

12.4. Adjustment Standard (Handset)

When connecting the simulator equipment for checking, please refer to below.

12.4.1. Component View



Note:

- (*1) is referred to No.2 of Check Check Table for RF part (P.39)
- (*2) is referred to **Power Supply Circuit/Reset Circuit** (P.21)

12.5. Things to Do after Replacing IC or X'tal

If repairing or replacing EEPROM and X'tal, it is necessary to download the required data such as Programming data or adjustment data, etc. in memory.

The set doesn't operate if it is not executed.

12.5.1. How to download the data

12.5.1.1. Base Unit

First, operate the PC setting according to The Setting Method of JIG(P.48).

Then download the appropriate data according to the following procedures.

Items		How to download/Required adjustment
EEPROM (IC611)	Adjusted parameter data is stored in memory.	1) Change the address "0001" of EEPROM to "55" to download
	(country version batch file, default batch file,	the data.
	etc.)	2) Default batch file: Execute the command "default.bat".
		3) Country version batch file: Execute the command
		"TG4221US_WW_RevXXX.bat". (*1)
		4) Clock adjustment
X'tal (X1)	System clock	Clock adjustment data is in EEPROM, adjust the data again
		after replacing it.
		1) Apply 6.5V between DCP ad DCM with DC power.
		2) Input Command "sendchar sfr", then you can confirm the
		current value.
		3) Check X'tal Frequency.(13.824 MHz ± 100 Hz).
		4) If the frequency is not 13.824 MHz ± 100 Hz, adjust the
		frequency of CLK executing the command "sendchar sfr xx xx
		(where xx is the value)" so that the reading of the frequency
		counter is 13.824000 MHz ± 15 Hz.

Note:

(*1) WW: country code, XXX: revision number

"XXX" vary depending on the country version. You can find them in the batch file, PNZZ- mentioned in **The Setting Method of JIG** (P.48).

12.5.1.2. Handset

First, operate the PC setting according to The Setting Method of JIG (P.48).

Then download the appropriate data according to the following procedures.

Ite	ems	How to download/Required adjustment
EEPROM (IC3) Battery Monitor Check	Adjusted parameter data is stored in memory.	How to download/Required adjustment 1) Default batch file: Execute the command "default.bat". 2) Default batch file (remaining): Execute the command "TGA421_DEF_RevXXX.bat". (*2) 3) Country version batch file: Execute the command "TGA421_WW_RevXXX.bat".(*2) 4) Clock adjustment 5) 2.35 V setting and battery low detection 1) Apply 2.25 V between BATT+ and BATT 2) Execute the command sendchar PAD sendchar LED 0 sendchar CRX 0 1
		sendchar AD1 It assumes that the return value is XX. a) 6c ≤ XX ≤ 71: No need to adjust b) XX: 6A ~ 6B: Need to adjust XX: 72 ~ 74: Need to adjust Write AD value of 2.25 V to EEPROM. ex) read data: XX = 6A, write data: YY = 6A read data: XX = 73, write data: YY = 73 EEPROM = 0009 (Low Voltage) write "YY" Execute the command "wreeprom 00 09 01 YY". EEPROM = 000A (No Voltage) write "YY - 1D" Execute the command "xwreeprom 00 0A 01 ZZ". Note: No Voltage writing data limit is "00". c) XX: 00 ~ 69: Reject XX: 75 ~ FF: Reject
Battery Low Confirmation	-	1) Apply 2.40 V between BATT+ and BATT 2) Confirm that there is no flashing of Battery Icon. 3) Apply 2.25 V ± 0.08 V between BATT+ and BATT 4) Confirm that there is flashing of Battery Icon.
Battery Clock Adjustment (X1)	CLK	 Apply 2.6 V between BATT+ and BATT- with DC power. Input Command "sendchar sfr", then you can confirm the current value. Check X'tal Frequency. (10.368 MHz ± 100 Hz). If the frequency is not 10.368 MHz ± 100 Hz, adjust the frequency of CLK execute in the command "sendchar sfr xx xx (where xx is the value)" so that the reading of the frequency counter is 10.368000 MHz ± 5 Hz.

Note:

(*2) WW: country code, XXX: revision number

"XXX" vary depending on the country version. You can find them in the batch file, PNZZ- mentioned in **The Setting Method of JIG** (P.48).

12.6. Frequency Table

	Ch. (hex)	TX/RX Frequency (MHz)
Channel 0	00	1928.448
Channel 1	01	1926.720
Channel 2	02	1924.992
Channel 3	03	1923.264
Channel 4	04	1921.536

13 Miscellaneous

13.1. How to Replace the Shield Case

13.1.1. Preparation

• PbF (: Pb free) Solder

Soldering Iron

Tip Temperature of 700°F ± 20°F (370°C ± 10°C)

Note

We recommend a 30 to 40 Watt soldering iron. An expert may be able to use a 60 to 80 Watt iron where someone with less experience could overheat and damage the PCB foil.

• Hot Air Desoldering Tool

Temperature: 608°F ± 68°F (320°C ± 20°C)

13.1.2. Caution

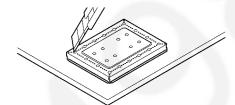
- To replace the IC efficiently, choose the right sized nozzle of the hot air desoldering tool that matches the IC package.
- Be careful about the temperature of the hot air desoldering tool not to damage the PCB and/or IC.

13.1.3. How to Remove the Shield Case

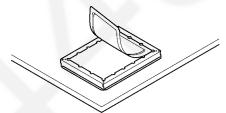
Note:

If you don't have special tools (ex. Hot air disordering tool), conduct the following operations.

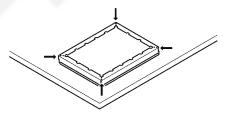
1. Cut the case along perforation.



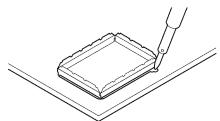
2. Remove the cut part.



3. Cut the four corners along perforation.



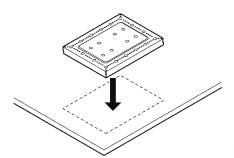
4. Remove the reminds by melting solder.



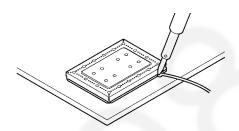
13.1.4. How to Install the Shield Case

Note:

- If you don't have special tools (ex. Hot air disordering tool), conduct the following operations.
- Shield case's No. : PNMC1013Z
 - 1. Put the shield case.



2. Solder the surroundings.



13.2. How to Replace the LLP (Leadless Leadframe Package) IC

Note:

This description is only applied on the model with Shield case.

13.2.1. Preparation

- PbF (: Pb free) Solder
- Soldering Iron

Tip Temperature of 700 °F ± 20 °F (370 °C ± 10 °C)

Note:

We recommend a 30 to 40 Watt soldering iron. An expert may be able to use a 60 to 80 Watt iron where someone with less experience could overheat and damage the PCB foil.

Hot Air Desoldering Tool

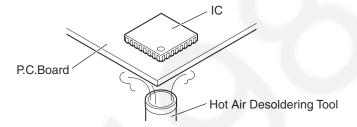
Temperature: 608 °F ± 68 °F (320 °C ± 20 °C)

13.2.2. Caution

- To replace the IC efficiently, choose the right sized nozzle of the hot air desoldering tool that matches the IC package.
- Be careful about the temperature of the hot air desoldering tool not to damage the PCB and/or IC.

13.2.3. How to Remove the IC

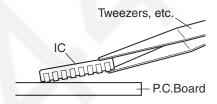
1. Heat the IC with a hot air desoldering tool through the P.C.Board.



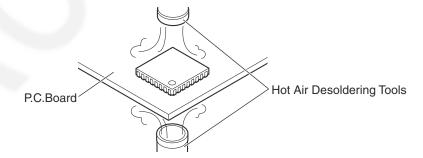
2. Pick up the IC with tweezers, etc. when the solder is melted completely.

Note:

• Be careful not to touch the peripheral parts with tweezers, etc. They are unstable.



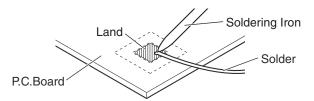
When it is hard to melt the solder completely, heat it with a hot air desoldering tool through the IC besides through the P.C.Board.



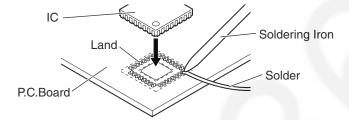
3. After removing the IC, clean the P.C.Board of residual solder.

13.2.4. How to Install the IC

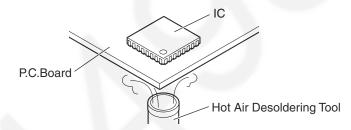
1. Place the solder a little on the land where the radiation GND pad on IC bottom is to be attached.



- 2. Place the solder a little on the land where IC pins are to be attached, then place the IC. **Note:**
 - When placing the IC, the positioning should be done very carefully.



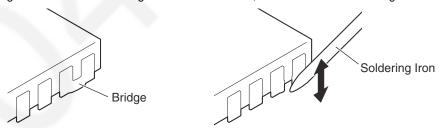
- 3. Heat the IC with a hot air desoldering tool through the P.C.Board until the solder on IC bottom is melted. **Note:**
 - Be sure to place it precisely, controlling the air volume of the hot air desoldering tool.



4. After soldering, confirm there are no short and open circuits with visual inspection.

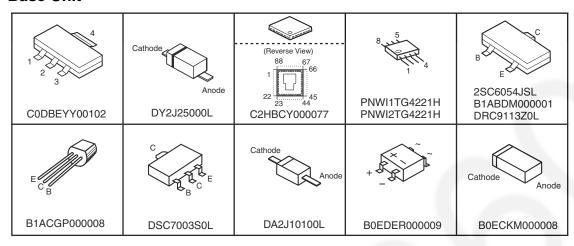
13.2.5. How to Remove a Solder Bridge

When a Solder Bridge is found after soldering the bottom of the IC, remove it with a soldering iron.

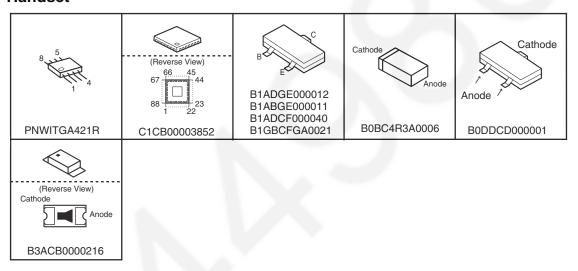


13.3. Terminal Guide of the ICs, Transistors and Diodes

13.3.1. Base Unit



13.3.2. Handset



14 Schematic Diagram

14.1. For Schematic Diagram

14.1.1. Base Unit (Schematic Diagram (Base Unit_Main))

Notes:

1. DC voltage measurements are taken with voltmeter from the negative voltage line.

Important Safety Notice:

Components identified by \triangle mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only the manufacture's specified parts.

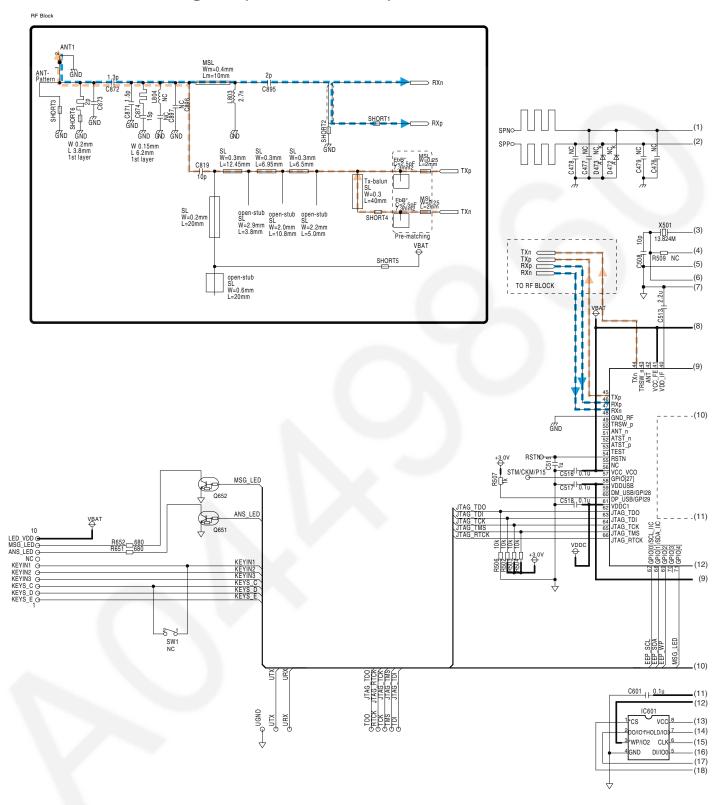
2. The schematic diagrams may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.

14.1.2. Handset (Schematic Diagram (Handset_Main))

Notes:

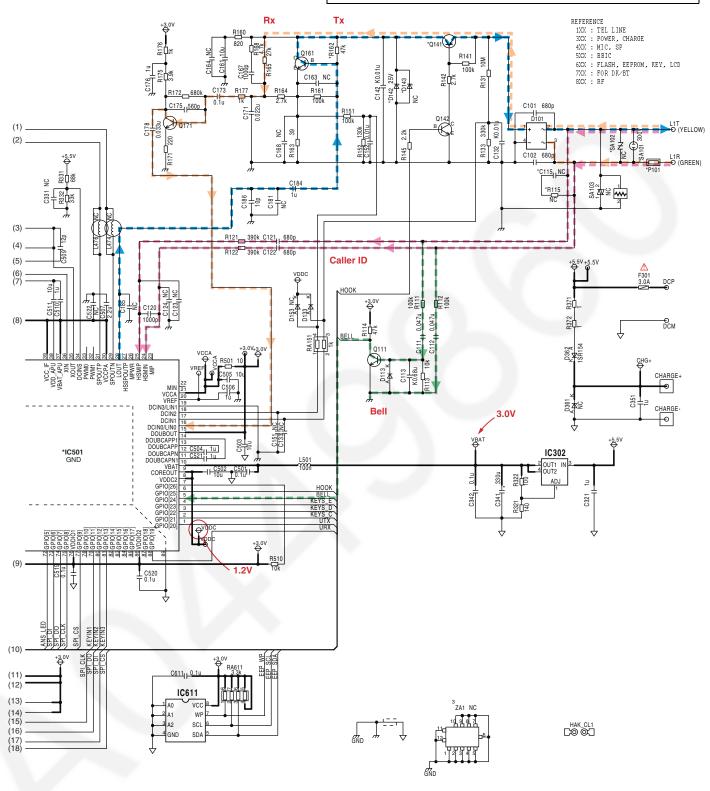
- 1. DC voltage measurements are taken with an oscilloscope or a tester with a ground.
- 2. The schematic diagrams may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.

14.2. Schematic Diagram (Base Unit_Main)



NC: No Components

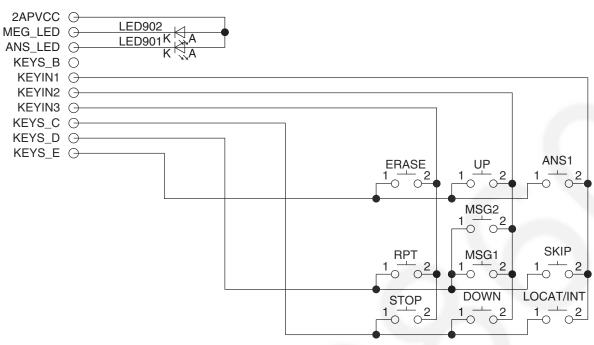
KX-TG4221N/KX-TG4222N/KX-TG4223N/KX-TG313SK/KX-TG4224N/KX-TG4225N/KX-TGA421N



NC: No Components

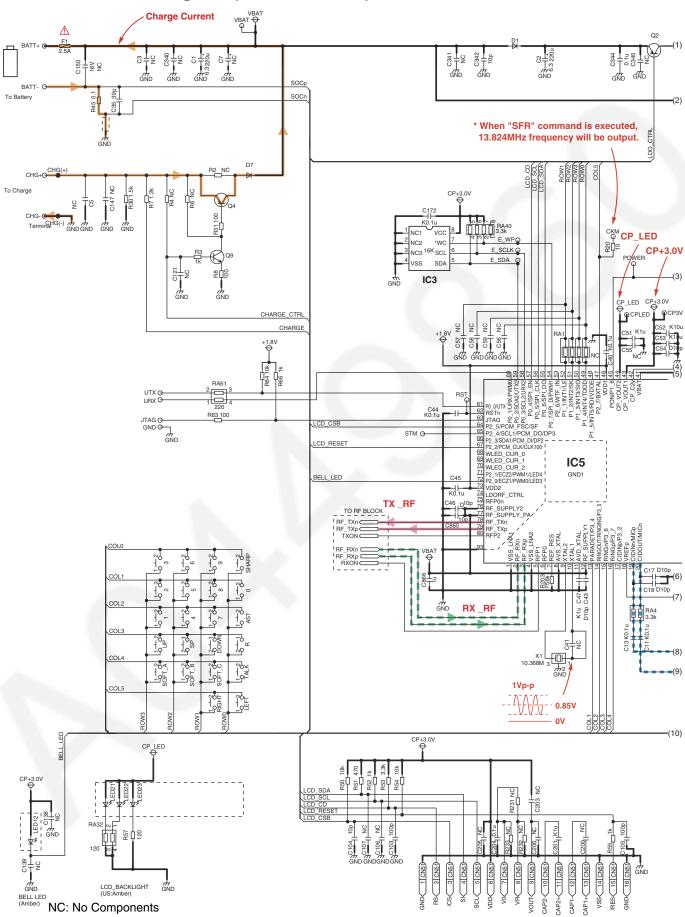
KX-TG4221 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (Base Unit_Main)

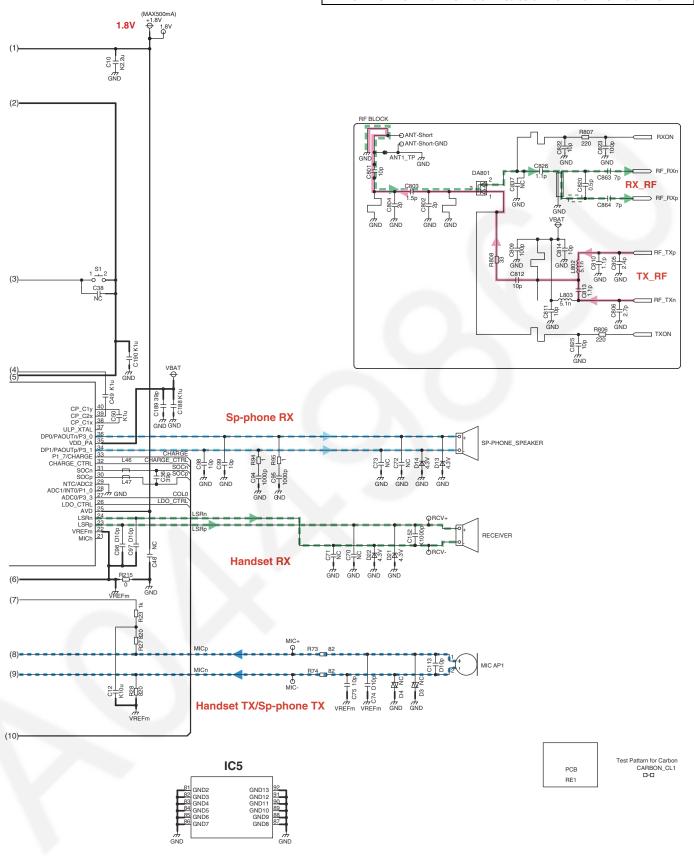
14.3. Schematic Diagram (Base Unit_Operation)



NC: No Components KX-TG4221 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (Base Unit_Operation) Memo

14.4. Schematic Diagram (Handset_Main)





NC: No Components
KX-TGA421 SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM (Handset_Main)

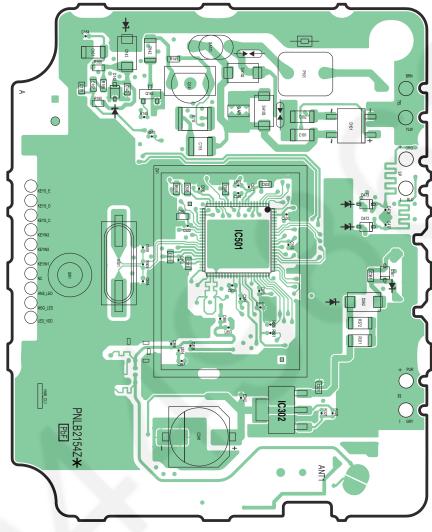
KX-TG4221N/KX-TG4222N/KX-TG4223N/KX-TG313SK/KX-TG4224N/KX-TG4225N/KX-TGA421N

Memo

15 Printed Circuit Board

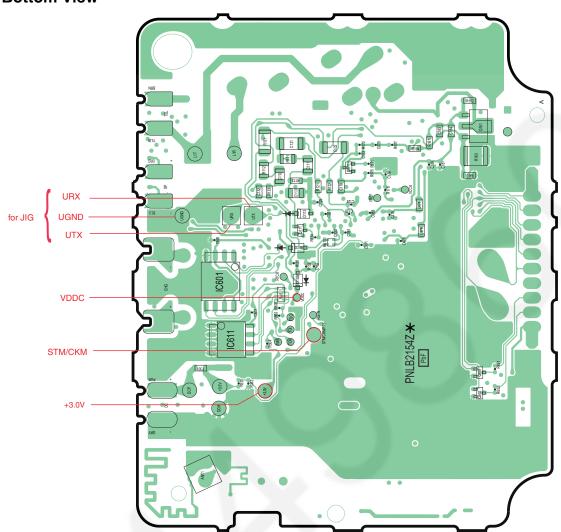
15.1. Circuit Board (Base Unit_Main)

15.1.1. Component View



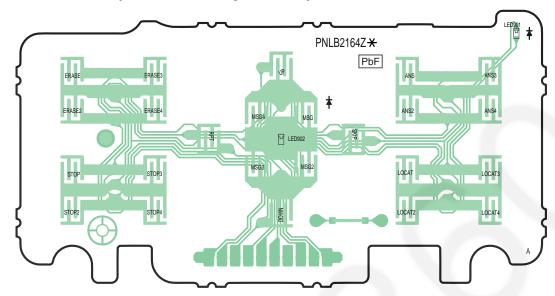
KX-TG4221 CIRCUIT BOARD (Base Unit_Main (Component View))

15.1.2. Bottom View



KX-TG4221 CIRCUIT BOARD (Base Unit_Main (Bottom View))

15.2. Circuit Board (Base Unit_Operation)



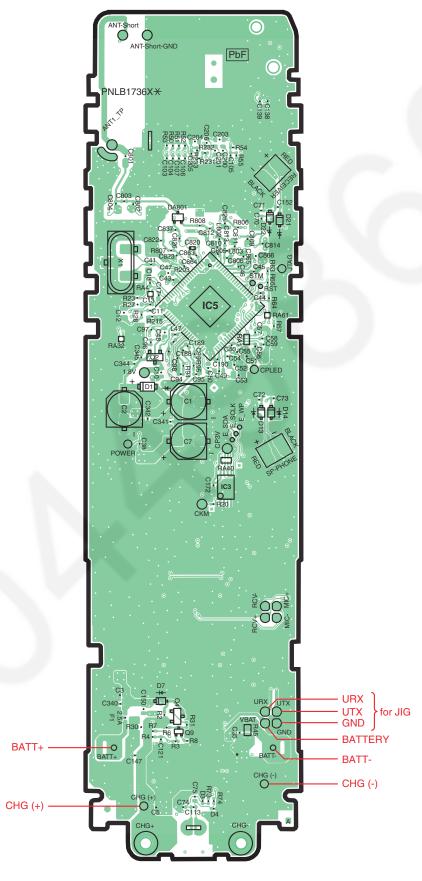
KX-TG4221 CIRCUIT BOARD (Base Unit_Operation (Component View))

KX-TG4221N/KX-TG4222N/KX-TG4223N/KX-TG313SK/KX-TG4224N/KX-TG4225N/KX-TGA421N

Memo

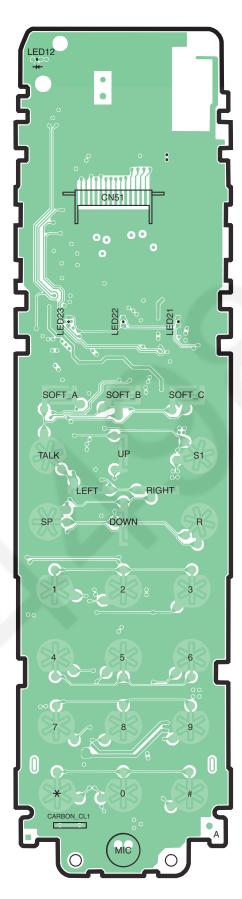
15.3. Circuit Board (Handset_Main)

15.3.1. Component View



KX-TGA421 CIRCUIT BOARD (Handset_Main (Component View))

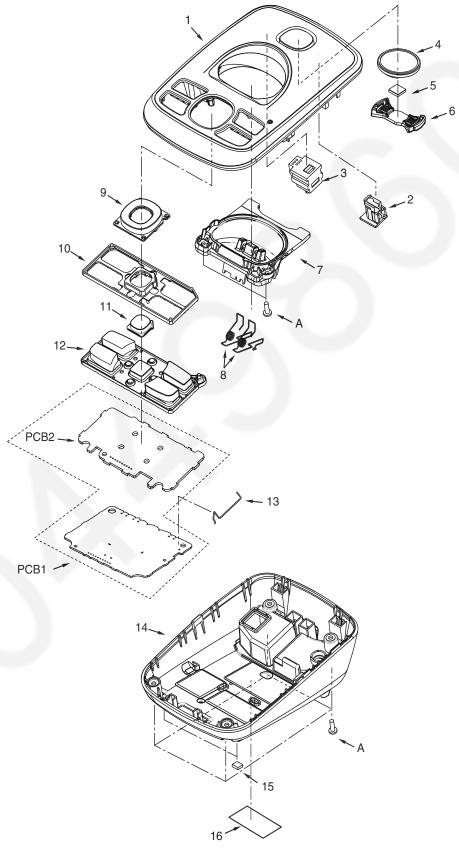
15.3.2. Bottom View



KX-TGA421 CIRCUIT BOARD (Handset_Main (Bottom View))

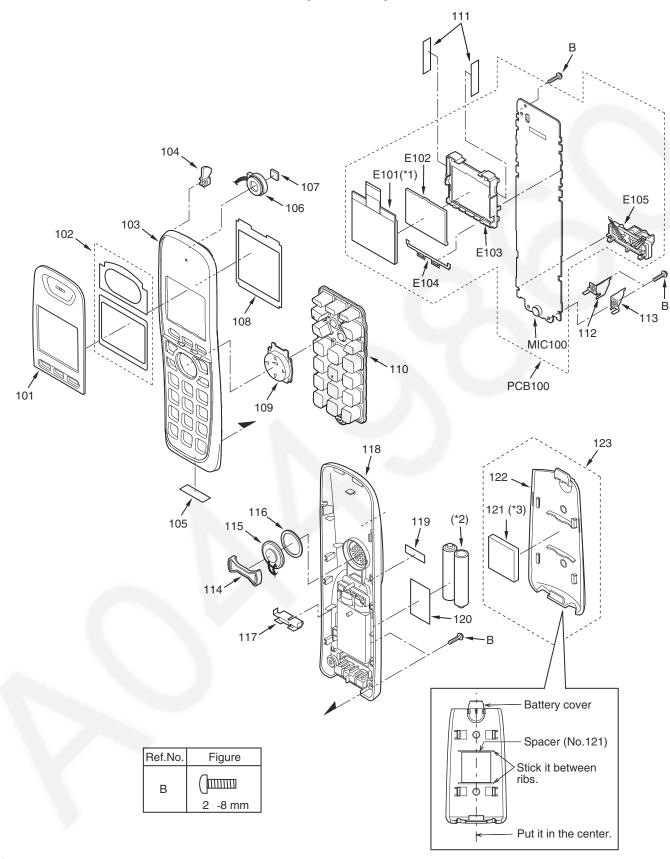
16 Exploded View and Replacement Parts List

16.1. Cabinet and Electrical Parts (Base Unit)



Ref.No.	Figure
А	φ 2.6 x 8mm

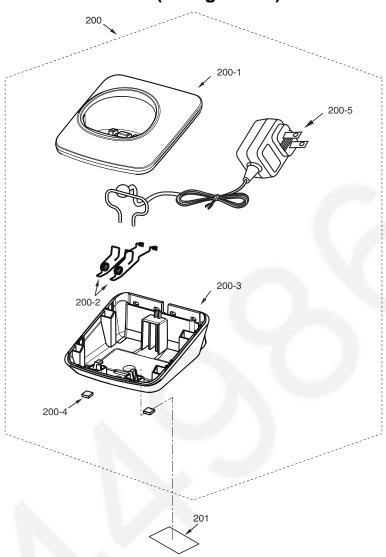
16.2. Cabinet and Electrical Parts (Handset)



Note:

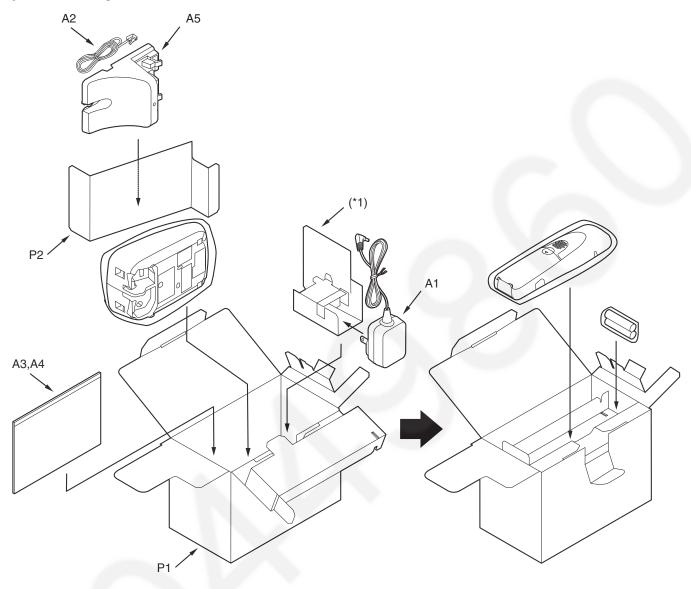
- (*1) This cable is fixed by welding. Refer to **How to Replace the Handset LCD** (P.47).
- (*2) The rechargeable Ni-MH battery HHR-4DPA is available through sales route of Panasonic.
- (*3) Attach the SPACER (No. 121) to the exact location described above.

16.3. Cabinet and Electrical Parts (Charger Unit)



16.4. Accessories and Packing Materials

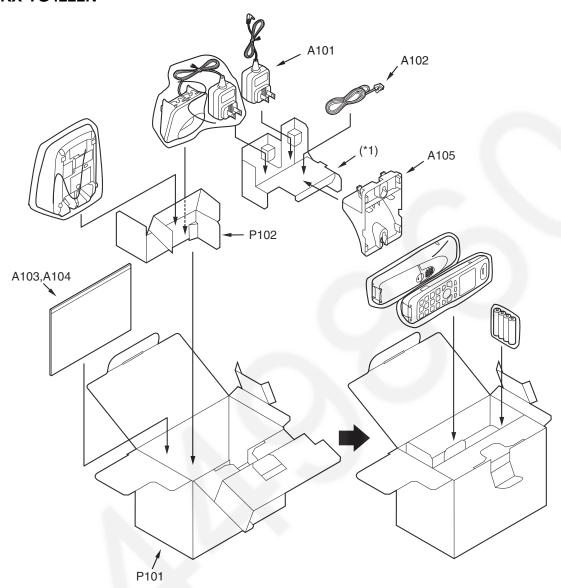
16.4.1. KX-TG4221N



Note:

(*1) This pad is piece of Ref No. P2 (PAD).

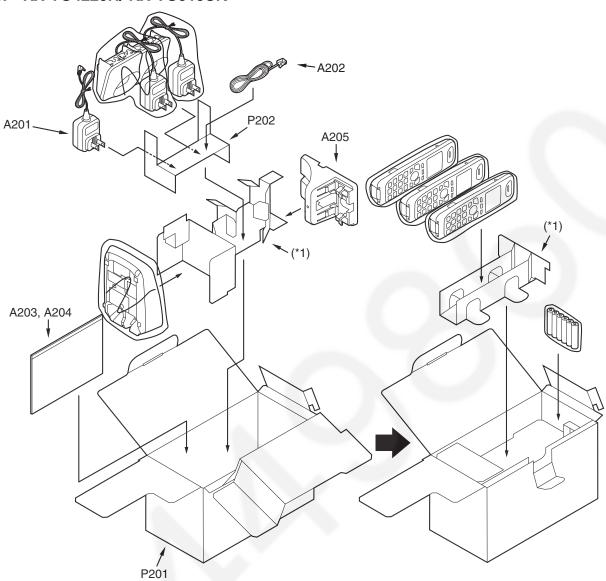
16.4.2. KX-TG4222N



Note:

(*1) This pad is piece of Ref No. P102 (PAD).

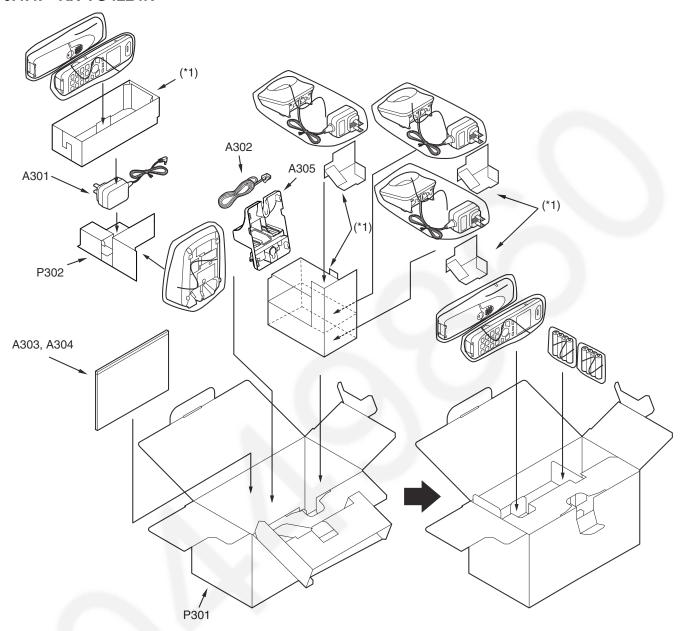
16.4.3. KX-TG4223N/ KX-TG313SK



Note:

This pad is piece of Ref No.P202 (PAD).

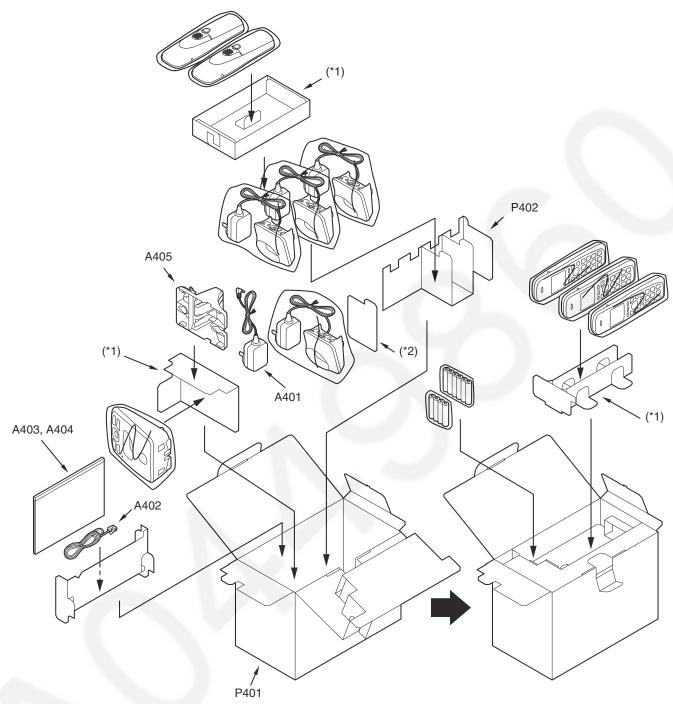
16.4.4. KX-TG4224N



Note:

(*1)This pad is a piece of Ref No.P302 (PAD).

16.4.5. KX-TG4225N

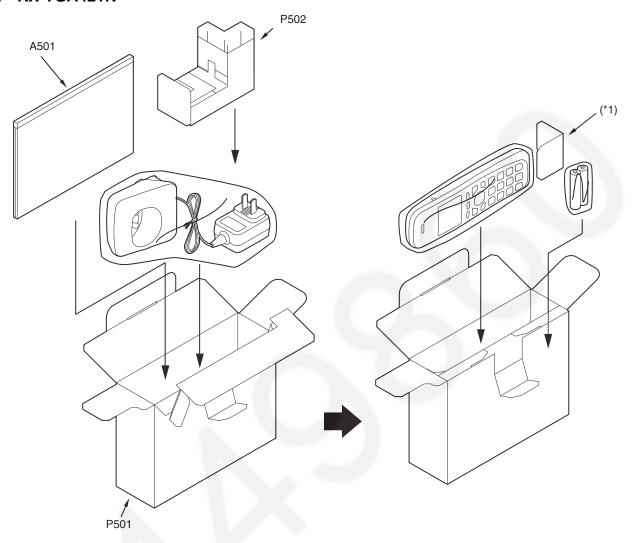


Note:

(*1)This pad is a piece of Ref No.P402 (PAD).

(*2)This pad is a piece of Ref No.P401 (GIFT BOX).

16.4.6. KX-TGA421N



Note:

(*1)This pad is a piece of Ref No.P501 (GIFT BOX).

16.5. Replacement Parts List

1. RTL (Retention Time Limited)

Note

The "RTL" marking indicates that its Retention Time is Limited.

When production is discontinued, this item will continue to be available only for a specific period of time.

This period of time depends on the type of item, and the local laws governing parts and product retention. At the end of this period, the item will no longer be available.

2. Important safety notice

Components identified by the \triangle mark indicates special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, only use specified manufacture's parts.

- The S mark means the part is one of some identical parts.For that reason, it may be different from the installed part.
- ISO code (Example: ABS-94HB) of the remarks column shows quality of the material and a flame resisting grade about plastics.
- 5. RESISTORS & CAPACITORS

Unless otherwise specified:

All resistors are in ohms (Ω) k=1000 Ω , M=1000k Ω All capacitors are in MICRO FARADS (μ F) p= $\mu\mu$ F

*Type & Wattage of Resistor

Type

ERC:Solid ERDS:Carbon ERJ:Chip	ERX:Metal Film ERG:Metal Oxide ER0:Metal Film	PQ4R:Chip ERS:Fusible Resistor ERF:Cement Resistor
Wattage		

10,16:1/8W | 14,25:1/4W | 12:1/2W | 1:1W | 2:2W | 3:3W

ECFD:Semi-Conductor ECQS:Styrol ECUV,PQCUV, ECUE:Chip

ECCD,ECKD,ECBT,F1K,ECUV:Ceramic ECQE,ECQV,ECQG:Polyester ECEA,ECST,EEE:Electlytic ECQP:Polypropylene

ECQMS:Mica Voltage

ECQ Type	ECQG ECQV Type	ECSZ Type		Oth	ers	
1H:50V 2A:100V 2E:250V 2H:500V	1:100V	1A:10V 1V:35V	0J 1A 1C 1E,2	:6.3V :10V :16V :5:25V	1V 50,1 1J 2A	:35V H:50V :16V :100V

16.5.1. Base Unit

16.5.1.1. Cabinet and Electrical Parts

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	1	PNKM1470Z1	CABINET BODY	PS-HB
	2	K2ECYZ000001	JACK, DC	
	3	PQJJ1T039L	JACK, MODULAR	
	4	L0AA02A00087	SPEAKER	
	5	PQHG10729Z	RUBBER PARTS, SPEAKER	
	6	PQHR11313Z	GUIDE, SPEAKER	ABS-HB
	7	PNKE1056Z2	CASE, CHARGE TERMINAL	PS-HB
	8	PNJT1145Z	CHARGE TERMINAL	
	9	PNBC1490Z1	BUTTON, NAVIGATOR KEY	PS-HB
	10	PNHR1763Z	GUIDE, BUTTON	PS-HB
	11	PNBC1345Z4	BUTTON, MESSAGE	PMMA-HB
	12	PNJK1186Z	KEYBOARD SWITCH	

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	13	PNLA1047Z	ANTENNA	
	14	PNKF1274Z1	CABINET COVER	PS-HB
	15	PQHA10023Z	RUBBER PARTS, FOOT CUSHION	
	16	PNGT7142Z	NAME PLATE	

16.5.1.2. Main P.C. Board Parts

Note:

(*1) When replacing IC611 or X501, make the adjustment using PNZZTG4221M. Refer to **How to download the data** (P.53) of Things to Do after Replacing IC or X'tal.

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	PCB1	PNWP1TG4221H	MAIN P.C.BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
			(ICs)	
	IC302	C0DBEYY00102	IC	
	IC501	C2HBCY000077	IC	
	IC601	PNWI2TG4221H		
	IC611		IC(EEPROM) (*1)	
			(TRANSISTORS)	
	Q111	2SC6054JSL	TRANSISTOR(SI)	S
	Q141		TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	0142		TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	Q161	DSC7003SOL	TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	Q171	2SC6054JSL	TRANSISTOR(SI)	S
	Q651	DRC9113Z0L	TRANSISTOR(SI)	_
	Q652	DRC9113Z0L	TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	D142	DY2J25000L	TRANSISTOR(SI)	-
	D142	D12025000L		
	D101	POPDPPOOOO	(DIODES)	1
	D101	B0EDER000009		
	D113	DA2J10100L	DIODE(SI)	
	D133	DA2J10100L	DIODE(SI)	
	D362	B0ECKM000008		
			(COILS)	
	L501	G1CR10J00010		
	L803	G1C2N7Z00009	COIL	
			(RESISTOR ARRAYS)	
	RA151	EXB24V102JX	RESISTOR ARRAYS	
	RA611	EXB28V332JX	RESISTOR ARRAYS	
			(VARISTOR)	
	SA101	PQVDDSS301L	VARISTOR	S
			(RESISTORS)	
	R111	PQ4R10XJ104	100k	S
	R112	PQ4R10XJ104	100k	S
	R113	D0GB103JA057	10k	
	R114	D0GA473JA021	47k	
	R121	ERJ3GEYJ394	390k	S
	R122	ERJ3GEYJ394	390k	S
	R131	PQ4R18XJ106	10m	S
	R133	ERJ3GEYJ334	330k	S
	R141	D0GB104JA057	100k	
	R142	PQ4R18XJ272	2.7k	S
	R145	D0GA222JA021		
	R151	D0GA104JA021	100k	
	R152		130k	S
	R160	ERJ3GEYJ821	820	S
	R161	D0GB104JA057		
	R162	D0GB473JA057		
	R163	D0GG390JA007		
	R164	D0GB272JA057		1
	R165	ERJ3GEYJ273	27k	s
		ERJ3GEYJ273	4.7k	s
	R168			-
	R171	D0GA221JA021		-
	R172	ERJ2GEJ684	680k	ļ
	R175	D0GA392JA015		
	R176	D0GA102JA021		
	R177	D0GA102JA021		
	R321	ERJ2RKF1400	140	
	R322	ERJ2RKF1000	100	
	R331	ERJ2RKF6802	68k	1 -

^{*}Type & Voltage Of Capacitor Type

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remar	k۶
	R332	ERJ2RKF3302	33k		_
	R371	ERJ8GEYJ1R0	1		_
	R372	ERJ8GEYJ1R0	1		_
	R501	D0GB100JA057	10		
	R502	D0GA103JA021	10k		
	R503	D0GA103JA021	10k		
	R504	D0GA103JA021	10k		
	R506	D0GA103JA021	10k		_
	R507	D0GA102JA021	1k		_
	R510	D0GA103JA021	10k		_
	R651	D0GA681JA021	680		
	R652	D0GA681JA021	680		
			(CAPACITORS)		
	C101	F1K2H681A008	680p	s	_
	C102	F1K2H681A008	680p	s	_
	C111	F1J2A473A024	0.047		_
	C112	F1J2A473A024			-
	C113	PQCUV1A684KB			_
	C120	ECUE1H102KBQ		s	_
	C121	F1K2H681A008		S	_
	C122	F1K2H681A008	_	S	_
	C132	ECUV1H103KBV	_		_
	C142	ECUV1H103KBV			_
	C152	ECUE1C103KBQ			_
	C161	F1K1E1060001			_
		ECUV1H102KBV			_
	C167	ECUV1C223KBV			_
					_
	C173	ECUE1A104KBQ		-	_
	C175	ECUE1H561KBQ		S	_
	C176	ECUE0J105KBQ			_
	C178	ECUV1C333KBV			
	C184	ECUV1C105KBV			
	C186	ECUE1H100DCQ	_		
	C321	ECUV1C105KBV			
	C341	F2G0J331A146			
	C342	ECUE1A104KBQ			
	C351	ECUV1C105KBV			
	C501	ECUE1A104KBQ			
	C502	ECJ1VB0G106M	10	s	
	C503	ECJ1VB0G106M	10	s	
	C504	ECUE0J105KBQ	1		
	C505	ECJ1VB0G106M	10	S	
	C506	ECUE0J105KBQ	1		Ī
	C507	ECUV0J225KBV	2.2		Ī
	C508	ECUE1H100DCQ	10p		Ī
	C509	ECUE1H120JCQ	12p		
	C510	ECUE0J105KBQ	1		
	C511	ECJ1VB0G106M	10	S	
	C513	ECUV0J225KBV	2.2		
	C515	ECUE0J105KBQ	1		
	C516	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1		-
	C517	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1		_
	C518	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1		
	C519	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1		-
	C520	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1		_
	C521	ECUE0J105KBQ	1		-
	C601	ECUE1A104KBQ			-
	C611	ECUE1A104KBQ			-
	C819	ECUE1H100DCQ			-
	C871	F1G1H1R5A765			_
	C872	F1G1H1R3A765			-
	C873	F1G1H1R3A765	_		_
	C874	ECUE1H150JCQ	=	S	_
	C874 C895	F1G1H2R0A765	_	٦	_
	2093	- IGINZRUA/05	(OTHERS)		_
	P101	D4DAY220A022			_
					_
Δ	F301	K5H302Y00003			
	X501	ној138500011	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR		

16.5.1.3. Operational P.C. Board Parts

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	No.			
	PCB2		OPERATIONAL P.C.BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	
			(DIODES)	
	LED901	B3AAB0000347	LED	S
	LED902	B3AAB0000347	LED	S

16.5.2. Handset

16.5.2.1. Cabinet and Electrical Parts

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	101	PNGP1093X3	PANEL, LCD	PMMA-HB
	102	PNYE1026Z	TAPE, DOUBLE SIDED	
	103	PNKM1134Z2	CABINET BODY	PS-HB
	104	PNHR1260Z	OPTIC CONDUCTIVE PARTS, LED LENS	PS-HB
	105	PNGT7143Z	NAME PLATE	
	106	L0AD01A00026	RECEIVER	
	107	PQHG10729Z	RUBBER PARTS, RECEIVER	
	108	PNYE1027Z	SPACER, CUSHION LCD	
	109	PNBC1003Y3	BUTTON, VOLUME KEY	ABS-HB
	110	PNJK1080X	KEYBOARD SWITCH	
	111	PNHX1165Z	COVER, LCD	
	112	PNJT1027Y	CHARGE TERMINAL (L)	
	113	PNJT1026Y	CHARGE TERMINAL (R)	
	114	PQHR11315Z	GUIDE, SPEAKER	ABS-HB
	115	L0AA02A00095	SPEAKER	
	116	PQHS10784Y	SPACER, SPEAKER NET	
	117	PQJC10056X	BATTERY TERMINAL	
	118	PNKF1101Z2	CABINET COVER	ABS-HB
	119	PNQT2006Z	LABEL, ATTENTION	
	120	PNQT2580Z	LABEL, BATTERY	
	121	PNHS1079Z	SPACER, BATTERY	
	122	PNKK1038Z2	LID, BATTERY	ABS-HB
	123	PNYNTGA652GR	LID, BATTERY ASS'Y	ABS-HB

16.5.2.2. Main P.C. Board Parts

Note:

- (*1) Reconfirm the model No. written on the handset's name plate when replacing PCB100. Because the model No. of the optional handset may differ from the included handset.
- (*2) When replacing IC3 or X1, make the adjustment using PNZZTG4221M. Refer to **Handset** (P.54) of Things to Do after Replacing IC or X'tal.
- (*3) When replacing the handset LCD, See **How to Replace the Handset LCD** (P.47).

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	PCB100	PNWP1TGA421R	MAIN P.C.BOARD ASS'Y (RTL) (*1)	
			(ICs)	
	IC3	PNWITGA421R	IC (EEPROM) (*2)	
	IC5	C1CB00003852	IC	
			(TRANSISTORS)	
	Q2	B1ADGE000012	TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	Q4	B1ABGE000011	TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	Q5	B1ADCF000040	TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	Q6	B1ADCF000040	TRANSISTOR(SI)	
	Q9	B1GBCFGA0021	TRANSISTOR(SI)	
			(DIODES)	
	D13	B0BC4R3A0006	DIODE(SI)	
	D14	B0BC4R3A0006	DIODE(SI)	
	D21	B0BC4R3A0006	DIODE(SI)	
	D22	B0BC4R3A0006	DIODE(SI)	
	DA801	B0DDCD00001	DIODE(SI)	

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remark
	r mp10	D33GD000016	(LEDS)	
	LED12	B3ACB0000216		
	LED21 LED22	B3ACB0000216		
	LED22	B3ACB0000216		
	LED23	BJACBUUUUZIU	(RESISTOR ARRAYS)	
	RA32	EXB24V121JX	RESISTOR ARRAYS	
	RA4	EXB24V332JX	RESISTOR ARRAYS	
	RA40	EXB28V332JX	RESISTOR ARRAYS	
	RA40	EXB28V332JX EXB24V221JX		
	RAGI	FVP54A5510V	RESISTOR ARRAYS (IC FILTER)	
	T 16	J0JDC0000045	,	
	L46 L47	J0JDC0000045		
	11 4 /	000DC0000045	(RESISTORS)	
	D.4	ED 100EW 14D 3W		
	R4	ERJ8GEYJ4R3V		
	R5	D0GA152JA021		
	R7	D0GA122JA015		
	R8	D0GA103JA021		
	R9	ERJ2GEJ303	30k	
	R10	ERJ2GEJ303	30k	
	R23	D0GA102JA021		
	R27	D0GA821JA021		
	R28	D0GA821JA021		
	R45	ERJ6RSJR10V	0.1	
	R50	D0GA103JA021	-	
	R51	ERJ2GEJ471	470	S
	R52	D0GA102JA021		
	R53	D0GA332JA015		
	R54	D0GA103JA021	10k	
	R55	D0GA102JA021	1k	
	R57	D0GA121JA015	120	
	R64	D0GA103JA021	10k	
	R66	D0GA102JA021	1k	
	R203	D0GA563ZA006	56k	
	R806	D0GA221JA021	220	
	R807	D0GA221JA021	220	
	D1	ERJ8GEY0R00	0	S
			(CAPACITORS)	
	C1	EEE0JA221WP	220	
	C5	ECUV1A105KBV	1	
	C10	ECUE0J105KBQ	1	
	C11	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C12	ECUV0J225KBV	2.2	
	C13	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C19	ECUE1H102KBQ	0.001	S
	C20	ECUE1H390JCQ	39p	
	C35	ECUE1H390JCQ	39p	
	C36	ECUE1H390JCQ	39p	
	C39	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C40	ECUE1A104KBQ		
	C42	ECUE0J105KBQ		
	C43	ECUE1H100DCQ		
	C44	ECUE1A104KBQ		
	C45	ECUE1A104KBQ		
	C46	ECUE1H100DCQ		
	C47	ECUE0J105KBQ		
	C49	ECUV1A105KBV		
	C50	ECUE0J105KBQ		
	C51	ECUE0J105KBQ		
	C52	ECJ1VB0G106M		S
	C54	ECUE0J105KBQ		-
	C98	ECUE1H100DCQ		-
	C99	ECUE1H100DCQ		
	C103	ECUE1H100DCQ		-
		-		-
	C105	ECUE1H101JCQ		-
	C150	ECUV1C104KBV		-
	C172	ECUE0J105KBQ		
	C188	ECUE0J105KBQ		
	C190	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	C191	ECUE0J105KBQ		
	C191 C201 C204	ECUE0J105KBQ ECUV1C105KBV ECUV1C104KBV	1	

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	C801	ECUV1H100DCV	10p	
	C802		CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C803	F1G1H1R5A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C804	F1G1H2R0A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C805	F1G1H2R5A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C806	F1G1H2R5A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C810	F1G1H3R0A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C811	ECUE1H101JCQ	100p	
	C812	D0GA330JA015	33	
	C813	F1G1HR80A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C820	F1G1HR50A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C822	ECUE1H100DCQ	10p	
	C825	ECUE1H100DCQ	10p	
	C826	F1G1H1R1A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C863	F1G1H7R0A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C864	F1G1H7R0A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
	C866	ECUE1A104KBQ	0.1	
	L809	F1G1H1R2A765	CERAMIC CAPACITOR	
			(OTHERS)	
	MIC100	L0CBAY000053	BUILTIN-MICROPHONE	
	E101	L5DYBYY00044	LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY (*3)	
	E102	PNHR1247Z	TRANSPARENT PLATE	PMMA-HE
	E103	PNHR1246Z	GUIDE, LCD	ABS-HB
	E104	PNHX1254Z	COVER, LCD	
	E105	PNVE1002Z	BATTERY TERMINAL	
↑	F1	K5H252Y00002	FUSE	
	X1	ној103500038	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR	

16.5.3. Charger Unit

16.5.3.1. Cabinet

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	No.			
	200	PNLC1041ZN	CHARGER UNIT ASS'Y without NAME PLATE (RTL)(for KX- TG4222N)(for KX- TG4222N)(for KX- TG4224N)(for KX- TG4225N)	
	200-1	PNKM1478Z1	CABINET BODY	PS-HB
	200-2	PNJT1147Z	CHARGE TERMINAL	
	200-3	PNKF1279Z2	CABINET COVER	PS-HB
	200-4	PQHA10023Z	RUBBER PARTS, FOOT CUSHION	
Δ	200-5	PNLV233-AZ	AC ADAPTOR	
	201	PNGT7145Z	NAME PLATE	

16.5.4. Accessories and Packing Materials Note:

(*1) You can download and refer to the Operating Instructions (Instruction book) on TSN Server.

16.5.4.1. KX-TG4221N

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
A	A1	PNLV226Z	AC ADAPTOR	
	A2	PQJA10075Z	CORD, TELEPHONE	
	A3	PNQX5754Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK (*1)	
	A4	PNQW2611Z	LEAFLET	
	A5	PQKL10088Z3	STAND, WALLMOUNT	ABS-HB
	P1	PNPK3639001Z	GIFT BOX	
	P2	PNPD1716Z	PAD	

16.5.4.2. KX-TG4222N

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	No.			
A	A101	PNLV226Z	AC ADAPTOR	
	A102	PQJA10075Z	CORD, TELEPHONE	
	A103	PNQX5754Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK (*1)	
	A104	PNQW2611Z	LEAFLET	
	A105	PQKL10088Z3	STAND, WALLMOUNT	ABS-HB
	P101	PNPK3640001Z	GIFT BOX	
	P102	PNPD1717Z	PAD	

16.5.4.3. KX-TG4223N/ KX-TG313SK

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
⚠	A201	PNLV226Z	AC ADAPTOR	
	A202	PQJA10075Z	CORD, TELEPHONE	
	A203	PNQX5754Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK (*1)	
	A204	PNQW2611Z	LEAFLET	
	A205	PQKL10088Z3	STAND, WALLMOUNT	ABS-HB
	P201	PNPK3641001Z	GIFT BOX (for KX- TG4223N only)	
	P202	PNPD1718Z	PAD	

16.5.4.4. KX-TG4224N

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	No.			
Δ	A301	PNLV226Z	AC ADAPTOR	
	A302	PQJA10075Z	CORD, TELEPHONE	
	A303	PNQX5754Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK (*1)	
	A304	PNQW2611Z	LEAFLET	
	A305	PQKL10088Z3	STAND, WALLMOUNT	ABS-HB
	P301	PNPK3642001Z	GIFT BOX	
	P302	PNPD1719Z	PAD	

16.5.4.5. KX-TG4225N

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
Δ	A401	PNLV226Z	AC ADAPTOR	
	A402	PQJA10075Z	CORD, TELEPHONE	
	A403	PNQX5754Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK (*1)	
	A404	PNQW2611Z	LEAFLET	
	A405	PQKL10088Z3	STAND, WALLMOUNT	ABS-HB
	P401	PNPK3643001Z	GIFT BOX	
	P402	PNPD1720Z	PAD	

16.5.4.6. KX-TGA421N

Safety	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	A501	PNQX5923Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK (*1)	
	P501	PNPK3658001Z	GIFT BOX	
	P502	PNPD1743Z	PAD	

16.5.5. Screws

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	A	XTB26+8GFJ	TAPPING SCREW	
	В	XTB2+8GFJ	TAPPING SCREW	

16.5.6. Fixtures and Tools

Note:

- (*1) See Equipment Required (P.48), and The Setting Method of JIG (P.48)
- (*2) When replacing the Handset LCD, See **How to Replace the Handset LCD** (P.47)

Safety	Ref.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Remarks
	No.			
		PQZZ1CD300E	JIG CABLE (*1)	
		PNZZTG4221M	BATCH FILE CD-ROM (*1)	
		PQZZ430PIR	TIP OF SOLDERING IRON (*2)	
		PQZZ430PRB	RUBBER OF SOLDERING IRON (*2)	

YANI/N KXTG4221N KXTG4222N KXTG4223N KXTG313SK KXTG4224N KXTG4224N KXTG421N